

# AlGaAs laser diode

## RLD-78NP15

The RLD-78NP15 is the world's first mass-produced laser diodes that is manufactured by molecular beam epitaxy. The properties, high speed and high output operation characteristics this laser diode make it suitable for laser printers.

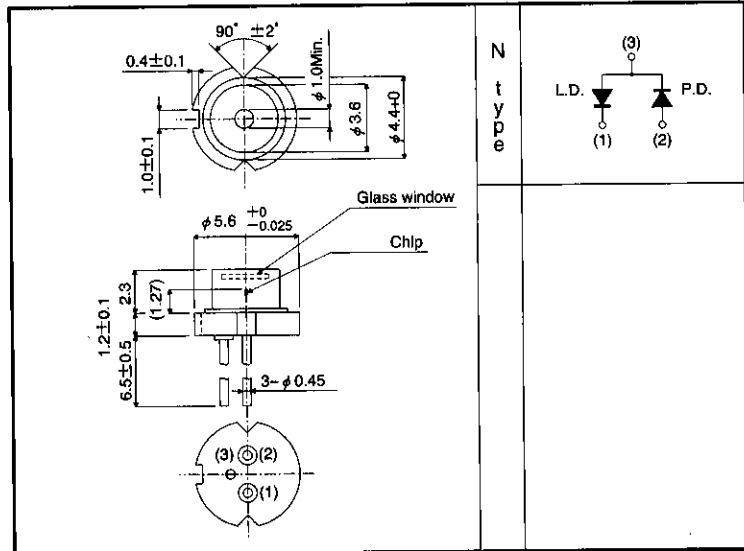
●Applications

High speed, laser printers

●Features

- 1) High optical power.
- 2) One-third the dispersion compared with conventional laser diodes.
- 3) High-precision, compact package.
- 4) Low droop.
- 5) Can be driven by single power supply.

●External dimensions (Unit: mm)



●Absolute maximum ratings (Tc = 25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Limits	Unit	
Output	P <sub>o</sub>	15	mW	
Reverse voltage	Laser	V <sub>R</sub>	2	V
	PIN photodiode	V <sub>R</sub> (PIN)	30	V
Operating temperature	T <sub>opr</sub>	-10~+60	°C	
Storage temperature	T <sub>stg</sub>	-40~+85	°C	

●Electrical and optical characteristics (Tc = 25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Conditions
Threshold current	$I_{th}$	20	30	45	mA	—
Operating current	$I_{op}$	40	55	65	mA	$P_o=9mW$
Operating voltage	$V_{op}$	—	2.0	2.5	V	$P_o=9mW$
Differential efficiency	$\eta$	0.25	0.3	0.45	mW/mA	$\frac{9mW}{I(12mW) - I(3mW)}$
Monitor current	$I_m$	0.38	0.6	1.25	mA	$P_o=9mW$
Parallel divergence angle	$\theta_{\parallel}^*$	8	9	14	deg	$P_o=9mW$
Perpendicular divergence angle	$\theta_{\perp}^*$	20	25	35	deg	
Parallel deviation angle	$\Delta\phi_{\parallel}$	—	—	$\pm 2$	deg	
Perpendicular deviation angle	$\Delta\phi_{\perp}$	—	—	$\pm 3$	deg	
Emission point accuracy	$\Delta X$ $\Delta Y$ $\Delta Z$	—	—	$\pm 80$	$\mu m$	—
Peak emission wavelength	$\lambda$	765	780	790	nm	$P_o=9mW$
Droop	$\Delta P$	—	5	10	%	$P_o=9mW$

\*  $\theta_{\parallel}$  and  $\theta_{\perp}$  are defined as the angle within which the intensity is 50% of the peak value.

●Electrical and optical curves

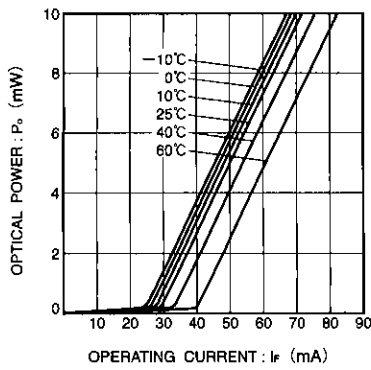


Fig. 1 Optical output vs. operating current

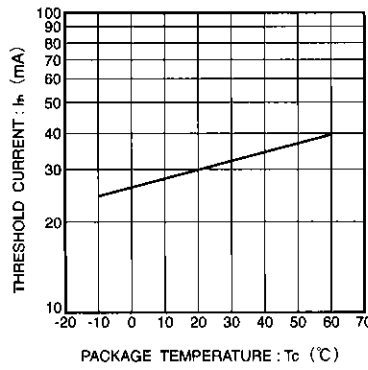


Fig. 2 Dependence of threshold current on temperature

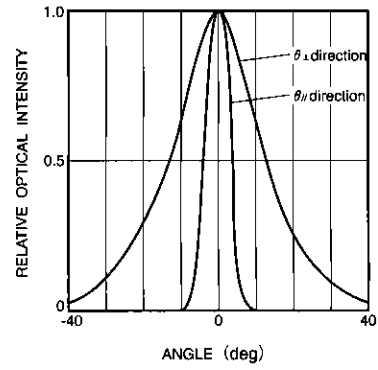


Fig. 3 Far field pattern

For Laser Beam Printers

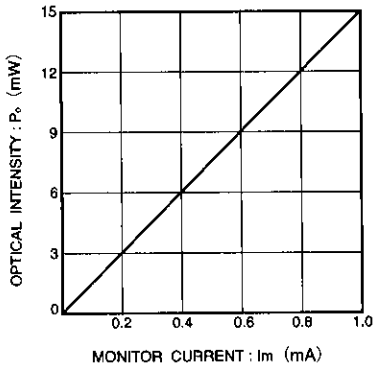


Fig. 4 Monitor current vs. optical output

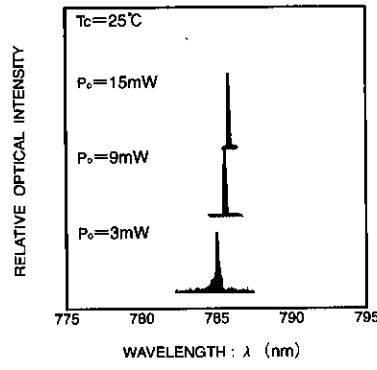


Fig. 5 Dependence of emission spectrum on optical output

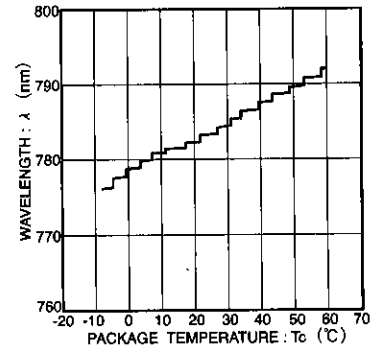


Fig. 6 Dependence of wavelength on temperature

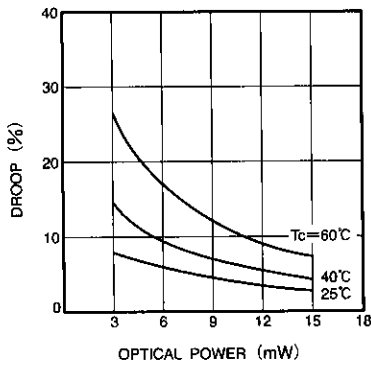


Fig. 7 Dependence of droop on optical output and temperature

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