

SKM 800 GA 126 D



SEMITRANS 4

Trench IGBT Modules

SKM 800 GA 126 D

Preliminary Data

Features

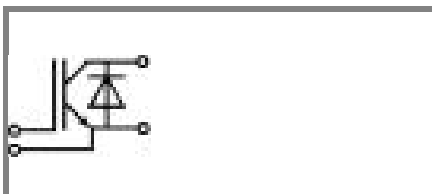
- Homogeneous Si
- Trench = Trenchgate technology
- $V_{CE(sat)}$ with positive temperature coefficient
- High short circuit capability, self limiting to $6 \times I_C$

Typical Applications

- AC inverter drives
- UPS
- Electronic welders

Remarks

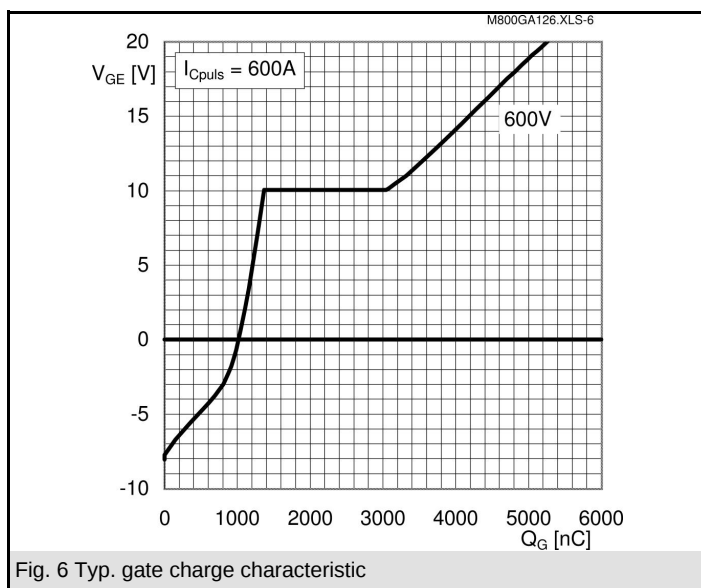
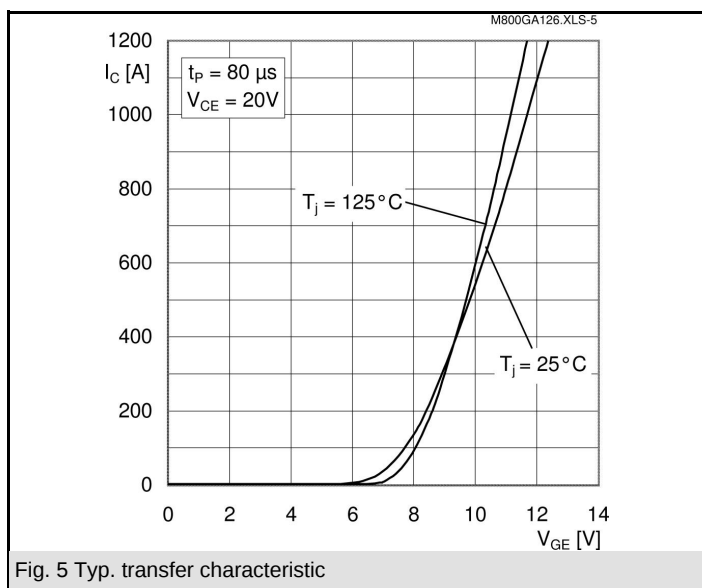
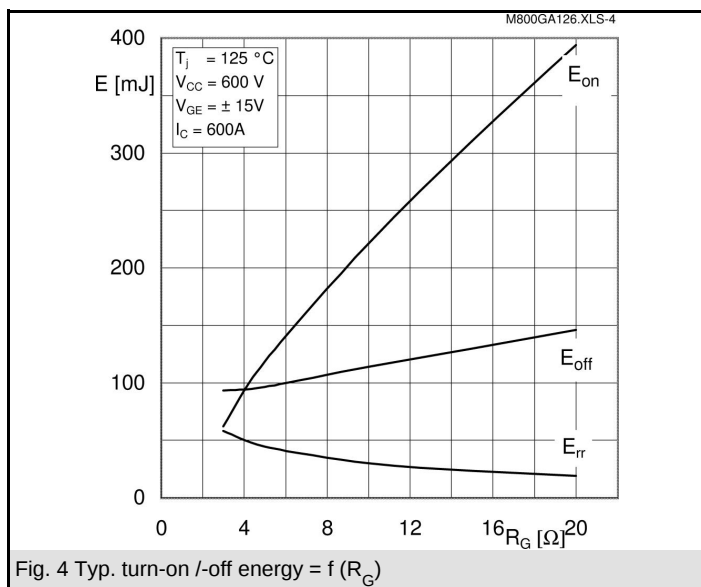
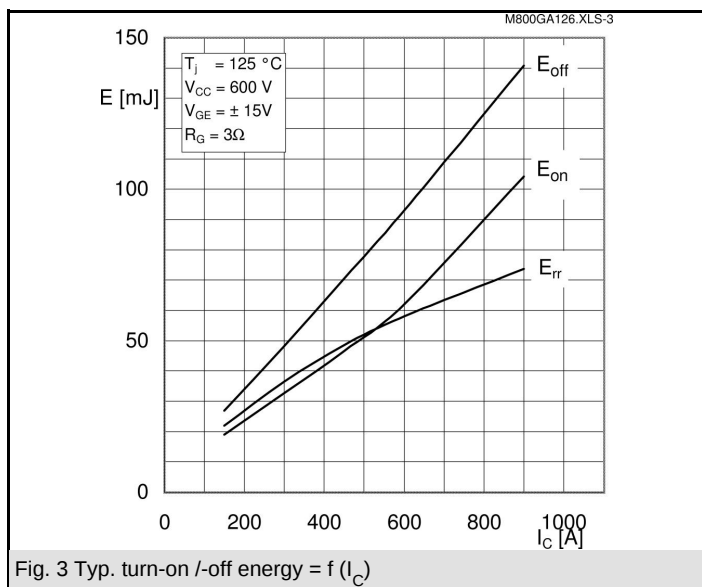
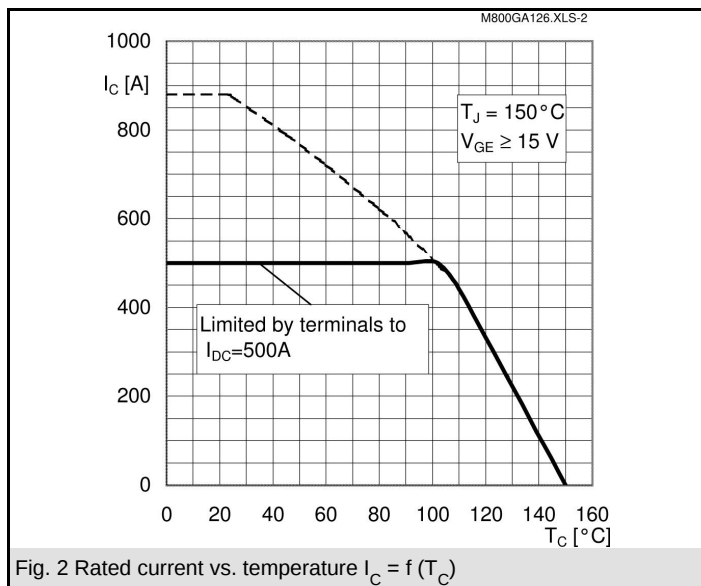
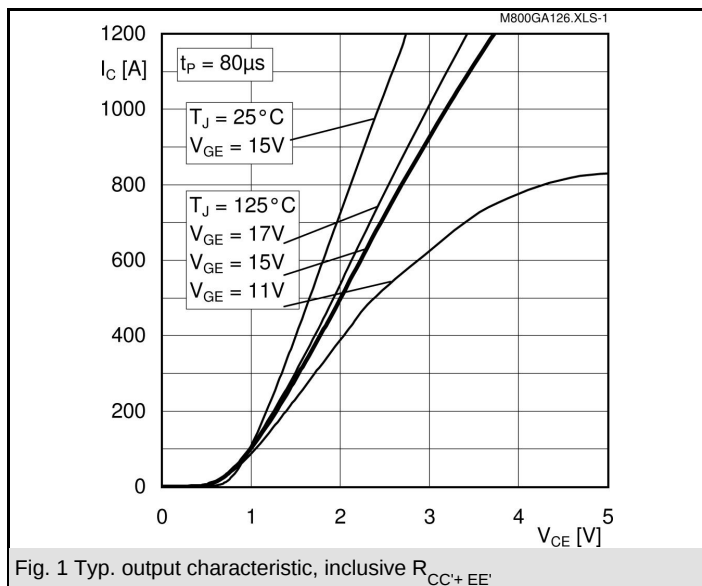
- $I_{DC} \leq 500A$ limited by terminals



GA

Absolute Maximum Ratings		$T_{case} = 25^\circ C$, unless otherwise specified	
Symbol	Conditions	Values	Units
IGBT			
V_{CES}		1200	V
I_C	$T_{case} = 25 (80)^\circ C$	960 (620)	A
I_{CRM}	$T_{case} = 25 (80)^\circ C, t_p = 1 \text{ ms}$	1920 (1240)	A
V_{GES}		± 20	V
$T_{vj}, (T_{stg})$	$T_{OPERATION} \leq T_{stg}$	-40 ... +150 (125)	$^\circ C$
V_{isol}	AC, 1 min.	2500	V
Inverse diode			
$I_F = -I_C$	$T_{case} = 25 (125)^\circ C$	680 (470)	A
I_{FRM}	$T_{case} = 25 (80)^\circ C, t_p < 1 \text{ ms}$	1920 (1240)	A
I_{FSM}	$t_p = 10 \text{ ms}; \sin.; T_j = 150^\circ C$	3600	A
Freewheeling diode			
$I_F = -I_C$	$T_{case} = ^\circ C$		A
I_{FRM}	$T_{case} = ()^\circ C, t_p < \text{ms}$		A
I_{FSM}	$t_p = \text{ms}; ; T_j = ^\circ C$		A

Characteristics		T _{case} = 25°C, unless otherwise specified			
Symbol	Conditions	min.	typ.	max.	Units
IGBT					
V _{GE(th)}	V _{GE} = V _{CE} , I _C = 16 mA	5	5,8	6,5	V
I _{CES}	V _{GE} = 0, V _{CE} = V _{CES} , T _j = 25 (125) °C			1	mA
V _{CE(TO)}	T _j = 25 (125) °C		1 (0,9)	1,15	V
r _{CE}	V _{GE} = 15 V, T _j = 25 (125) °C		1,2 (1,8)	1,7	mΩ
V _{CE(sat)}	I _C = 600 A, V _{GE} = 15 V, chip level		1,7 (2)	2,15	V
C _{ies}	V _{GE} = 0, V _{CE} = 25 V, f = 1 MHz		42		nF
C _{oes}			3,3		nF
C _{res}			3,1		nF
L _{CE}				20	nH
R _{CC'+EE'}	resistance, terminal-chip °C		0,18 (0,22)		mΩ
t _{d(on)}	V _{CC} = 600 V, I _C = 600 A		220		ns
t _r	R _{Gon} = R _{Goff} = 3 Ω, T _j = 125 °C		100		ns
t _{d(off)}	V _{GE} ± 15 V		860		ns
t _f			135		ns
E _{on} (E _{off})			65 (95)		mJ
Inverse diode					
V _F = V _{EC}	I _F = 600 A; V _{GE} = 0 V; T _j = 25 (125) °C		1,7 (1,8)	1,9 (1,9)	V
V _{T(TO)}	T _j = 25 (125) °C		1 (0,8)	1,1 (0,9)	V
r _T	T _j = 25 (125) °C		1,2 (1,6)	1,2 (1,7)	mΩ
I _{RRM}	I _F = 600 A; T _j = 125 () °C		540		A
Q _{rr}	di/dt = 6000 A/μs		125		μC
E _{rr}	V _{GE} = 0 V		59		mJ
FWD					
V _F = V _{EC}	I _F = A; V _{GE} = V, T _j = () °C				V
V _{TO}	T _j = () °C				V
r _T	T _j = () °C				mΩ
I _{RRM}	I _F = A; T _j = () °C				A
Q _{rr}	V _{GE} = V				μC
E _{rr}					mJ
Thermal characteristics					
R _{th(j-c)}	per IGBT			0,042	K/W
R _{th(j-c)D}	per Inverse Diode			0,09	K/W
R _{th(j-c)FD}	per FWD				K/W
R _{th(c-s)}	per module			0,038	K/W
Mechanical data					
M _s	to heatsink (M6)	3		5	Nm
M _t	for terminals (M5)	2,5		5	Nm
w				330	g



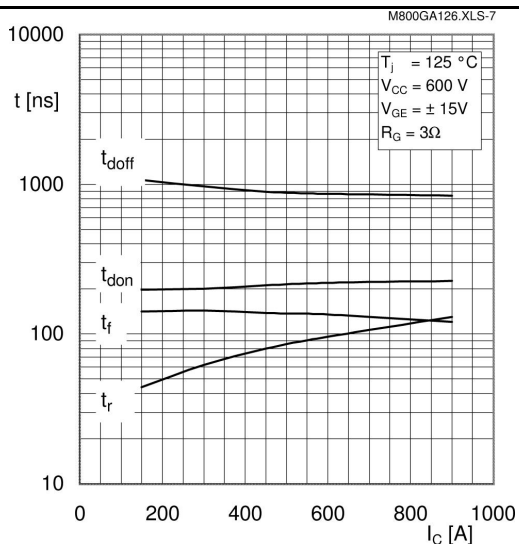


Fig. 7 Typ. switching times vs. I_C

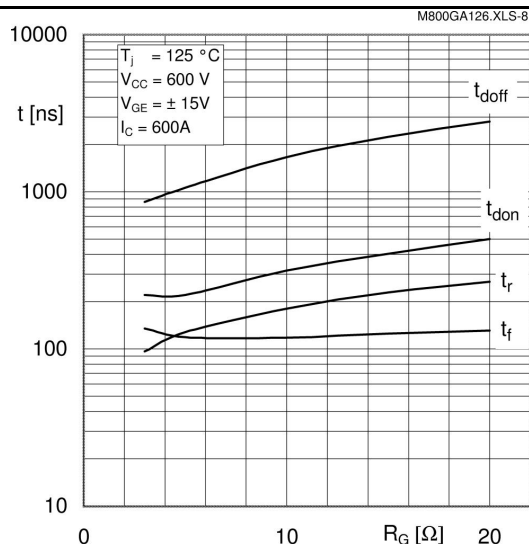


Fig. 8 Typ. switching times vs. gate resistor R_G

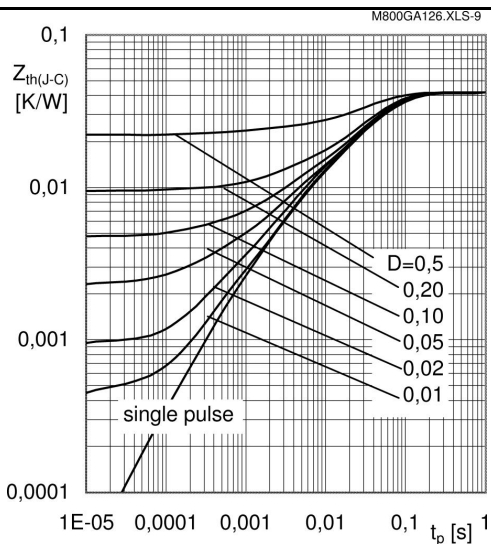


Fig. 9 Transient thermal impedance of IGBT

$$Z_{thp(j-c)} = f(t_p); D = t_p / t_c = t_p * f$$

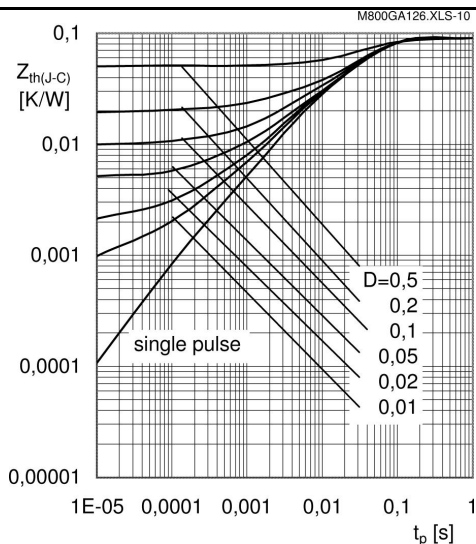


Fig. 10 Transient thermal impedance of Inverse CAL Diode

$$Z_{thp(j-c)} = f(t_p); D = t_p / t_c = t_p * f$$

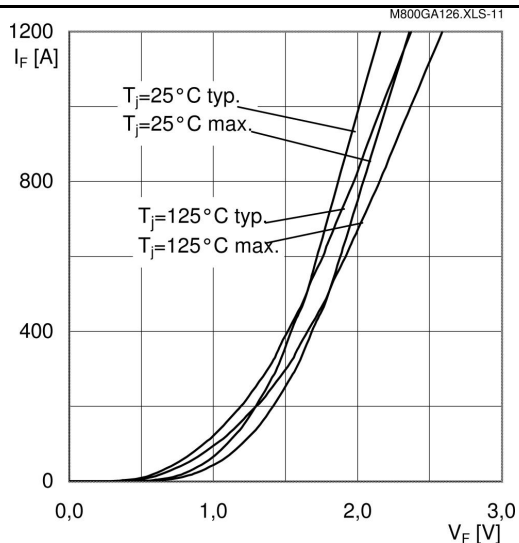


Fig. 11 CAL diode forward characteristic

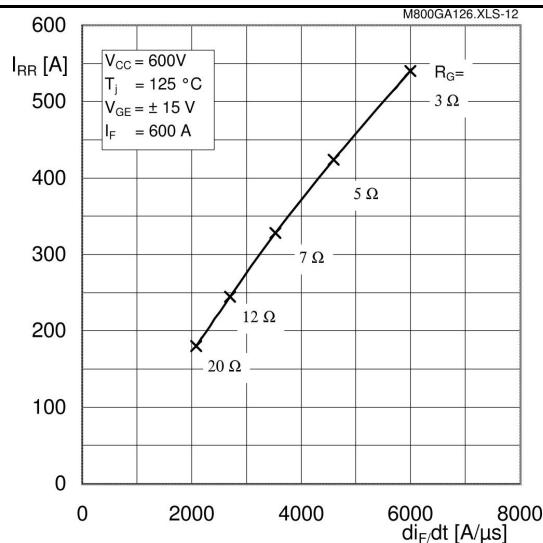
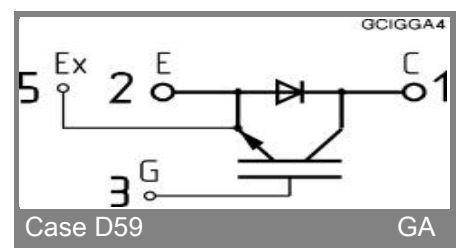
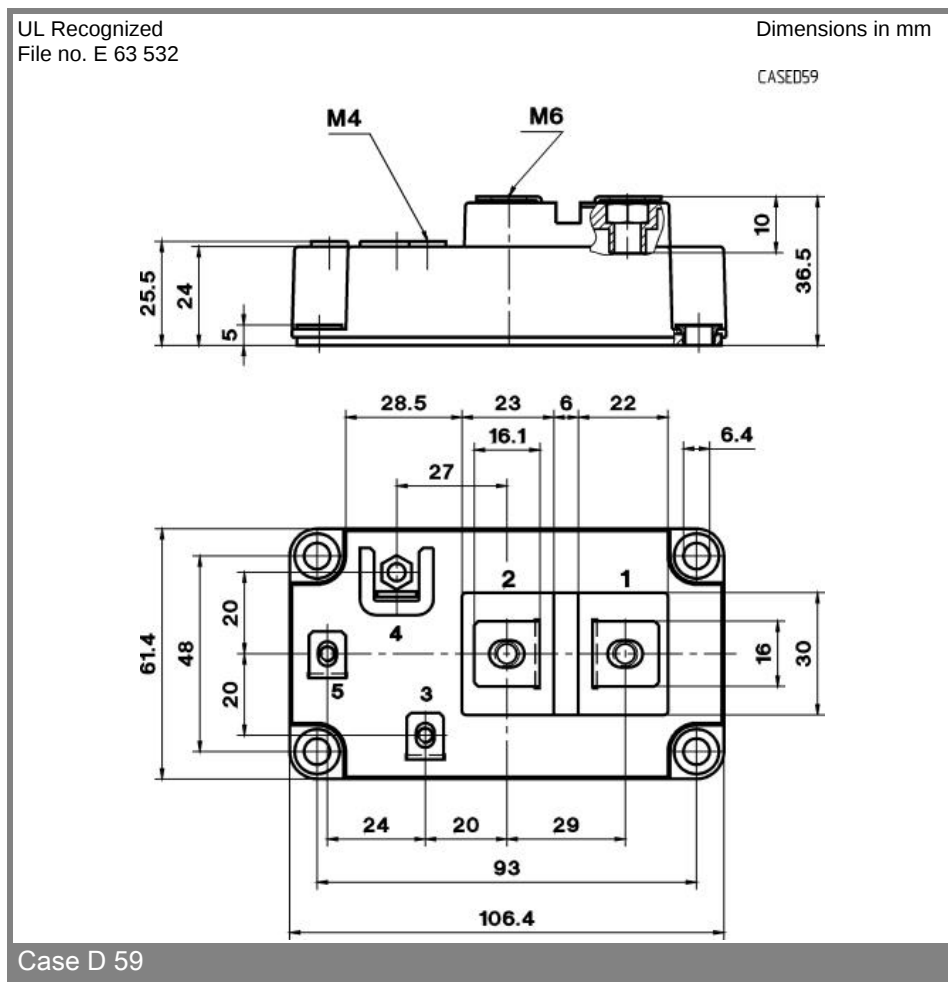
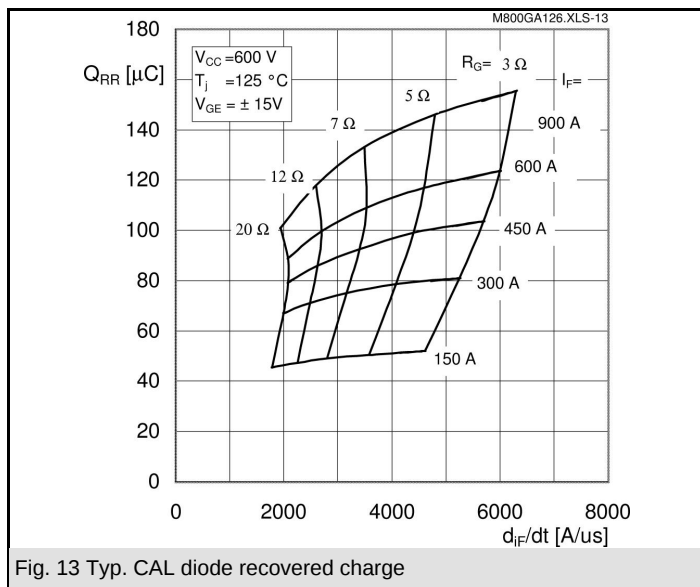


Fig. 12 Typ. CAL diode peak reverse recovery current



This is an electrostatic discharge sensitive device (ESDS), international standard IEC 60747-1, Chapter IX.

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