- Highest Performance Floating-Point Digital Signal Processor (DSP)
 - TMS320C44-60:
 33-ns Instruction Cycle Time,
 330 MOPS, 60 MFLOPS,
 30 MIPS, 336M Bytes/s
 - TMS320C44-50:
 40-ns Instruction Cycle Time
- Four Communication Ports
- Six-Channel Direct Memory Address (DMA) Coprocessor
- Single-Cycle Conversion to and From IEEE-754 Floating-Point Format
- Single Cycle, 1/x, $1/\sqrt{x}$
- Source-Code Compatible With C3x and C4x
- Single-Cycle 40-Bit Floating-Point,
 32-Bit Integer Multipliers
- Twelve 40-Bit Registers, Eight Auxiliary Registers, 14 Control Registers, and Two Timers
- IEEE-1149.1[†] (JTAG) Boundary-Scan Compatible
- Two Identical External Data and Address Buses Supporting Shared Memory Systems and High Data-Rate, Single-Cycle Transfers
 - High Port-Data Rate of 120M Bytes/s (TMS320C44-60) (Each Bus)
 - 128M-Byte Program/Data/Peripheral Address Space
 - Memory-Access Request for Fast, Intelligent Bus Arbitration
 - Separate Address-Bus, Data-Bus, and Control-Enable Pins
 - Four Sets of Memory-Control Signals Support Different Speed Memories in Hardware

- Fabricated Using 0.72-μm Enhanced Performance Implanted CMOS (EPIC™) Technology by Texas Instruments (TI™)
- Separate Internal Program-, Data-, and DMA-Coprocessor Buses for Support of Massive Concurrent I/O of Program and Data, Thereby Maximizing Sustained CPU Performance
- IDLE2 Clock-Stop Power-Down Mode
- Communication-Port-Direction Pin
- On-Chip Program Cache and Dual-Access/Single-Cycle RAM for Increased Memory-Access Performance
 - 512-Byte Instruction Cache
 - 8K Bytes of Single-Cycle Dual-Access Program or Data RAM
 - ROM-Based Boot Loader Supports
 Program Bootup Using 8-, 16-, or 32-Bit
 Memories or One of the Communication
 Ports
- Software-Communication-Port Reset
- NMI With Bus-Grant Feature
- 304-Pin Plastic Quad Flatpack (PDB Suffix) (Commercial Temperature)
- 388-Pin Plastic Ball Grid Array (GFW Suffix) (Commercial Temperature)
- 388-Pin Plastic Ball Grid Array (GFW Suffix) (Industrial Temperature)

description

The TMSC44 DSP is a 32-bit, floating-point processor manufactured in $0.72-\mu m$ double-level-metal CMOS technology. The TMSC44 is part of the TMS320C4x generation of DSPs from Texas Instruments. The on-chip parallel-processing capabilities of the C44 make the immense floating-point performance required by many applications achievable.



Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty, and use in critical applications of Texas Instruments semiconductor products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this data sheet.

[†] IEEE Standard 1149.1–1990 Standard Test-Access Port and Boundary-Scan Architecture. EPIC and TI are trademarks of Texas Instruments.

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operation

The C44 has four on-chip communication ports for processor-to-processor communication with no external hardware and simple communication software. This allows connectivity with no external-glue logic. The communication ports remove input/output bottlenecks, and the independent smart 6-channel DMA coprocessor is able to handle the CPU input/output burden.

To fit the C40 into a 304-pin PQFP package (thermally enhanced plastic quad flatpack), two communication ports are removed and the external local and global address buses are reduced to 24 address lines each. In this case, both the bond pads and driver circuits are removed, decreasing die size and power consumption. Otherwise, functionality remains the same as the rest of the C4x family.

The communication-port token and data-strobe control lines are internally connected to avoid spurious data, boot-up, and power consumption problems.

functions

This section lists signal descriptions for the C44 device: each signal, number of pins, operating mode(s) (that is, input, output, or high-impedance state as indicated by I, O, or Z, respectively), and function. The signals are grouped according to function.

Pin Functions

| SIGNAL NAME | NO. OF PINS | TYPE† | DESCRIPTION |
|--------------------|----------------|-------|---|
| | PINS | 01.01 | DAL DUO EVIEDNAL INTEREACE (70 mins) |
| 5-1 5- | | | BAL-BUS EXTERNAL INTERFACE (73 pins) |
| D31 – D0 | 32 | I/O/Z | 32-bit data port of the global-bus external interface |
| DE | 1 | I | Data-bus-enable signal for the global-bus external interface |
| A23-A0 | 24 | O/Z | 24-bit address port of the global-bus external interface |
| ĀĒ | 1 | I | Address-bus-enable signal for the global-bus external interface |
| STAT3-STAT0 | 4 | 0 | Status signals for the global-bus external interface |
| LOCK | 1 | 0 | Lock signal for the global-bus external interface |
| STRB0 [‡] | 1 | O/Z | Access strobe 0 for the global-bus external interface |
| R/W0 [‡] | 1 | O/Z | Read/write signal for STRB0 accesses |
| PAGE0 [‡] | 1 | O/Z | Page signal for STRB0 accesses |
| RDY0 [‡] | 1 | I | Ready signal for STRB0 accesses |
| CE0 [‡] | 1 | I | Control enable for the STRBO, PAGEO, and R/WO signals |
| STRB1 [‡] | 1 | O/Z | Access strobe 1 for the global-bus external interface |
| R/W1 [‡] | 1 | O/Z | Read/write signal for STRB1 accesses |
| PAGE1 [‡] | 1 | O/Z | Page signal for STRB1 accesses |
| RDY1 [‡] | 1 | I | Ready signal for STRB1 accesses |
| CE1 [‡] | 1 | I | Control enable for the STRB1, PAGE1, and R/W1 signals |
| | | LOC | AL-BUS EXTERNAL INTERFACE (73 pins) |
| LD31-LD0 | 32 | I/O/Z | 32-bit data port of the local-bus external interface |
| LDE | 1 | I | Data-bus-enable signal for the local-bus external interface |
| LA23-LA0 | 24 | O/Z | 24-bit address port of the local-bus external interface |
| LAE | 1 | I | Address-bus-enable signal for the local-bus external interface |
| LSTAT3-LSTAT0 | 4 | 0 | Status signals for the local-bus external interface |
| LLOCK | 1 | 0 | Lock signal for the local-bus external interface |

 $^{^{\}dagger}$ I = input, O = output, Z = high impedance

[‡] The effective address range is defined by the local/global STRB ACTIVE bits in the memory interface-control registers.



Pin Functions (Continued)

| SIGNAL NAME | NO. OF PINS | TYPE† | DESCRIPTION | | | | | | | |
|--|--|-------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| LOCAL-BUS EXTERNAL INTERFACE (73 pins) (Continued) | | | | | | | | | | |
| LSTRB0 [‡] | 1 | O/Z | Access strobe 0 for the local-bus external interface | | | | | | | |
| LR/W0 | 1 | O/Z | Read/write signal for LSTRB0 accesses | | | | | | | |
| LPAGE0 | 1 | O/Z | Page signal for LSTRB0 accesses | | | | | | | |
| LRDY0 | LRDY0 1 I Ready signal for LSTRB0 accesses | | | | | | | | | |
| LCE0 | 1 | I | Control enable for the LSTRBO, LPAGE0, and LR / W0 signals | | | | | | | |
| LSTRB1‡ | 1 | O/Z | Access strobe 1 for the local-bus external interface | | | | | | | |
| LR/W1 | 1 | O/Z | Read/write signal for LSTRB1 accesses | | | | | | | |
| LPAGE1 | 1 | O/Z | Page signal for LSTRB1 accesses | | | | | | | |
| LRDY1 | 1 | I | Ready signal for LSTRB1 accesses | | | | | | | |
| LCE1 | 1 | 1 | Control enable for the LSTRB1, LPAGE1, and LR/W1 signals | | | | | | | |
| | | СОМ | MUNICATION PORT 1 INTERFACE (13 pins) | | | | | | | |
| C1D7-C1D0 | 8 | I/O | Communication port 1 data bus | | | | | | | |
| CREQ1 | 1 | I/O | Communication port 1 token-request signal | | | | | | | |
| CACK1 | 1 | I/O | Communication port 1 token-request-acknowledge signal | | | | | | | |
| CSTRB1 | 1 | I/O | Communication port 1 data-strobe signal | | | | | | | |
| CRDY1 | 1 | I/O | Communication port 1 data-ready signal | | | | | | | |
| CDIR1 | 1 | 0 | Communication port 1 direction signal | | | | | | | |
| | | COM | MUNICATION PORT 2 INTERFACE (13 pins) | | | | | | | |
| C2D7-C2D0 | 8 | I/O | Communication port 2 data bus | | | | | | | |
| CREQ2 | 1 | I/O | Communication port 2 token-request signal | | | | | | | |
| CACK2 | 1 | I/O | Communication port 2 token-request-acknowledge signal | | | | | | | |
| CSTRB2 | 1 | I/O | Communication port 2 data-strobe signal | | | | | | | |
| CRDY2 | 1 | I/O | Communication port 2 data-ready signal | | | | | | | |
| CDIR2 | 1 | 0 | Communication port 2 direction signal | | | | | | | |
| | | COM | MUNICATION PORT 4 INTERFACE (13 pins) | | | | | | | |
| C4D7-C4D0 | 8 | I/O | Communication port 4 data bus | | | | | | | |
| CREQ4 | 1 | I/O | Communication port 4 token-request signal | | | | | | | |
| CACK4 | 1 | I/O | Communication port 4 token-request-acknowledge signal | | | | | | | |
| CSTRB4 | 1 | I/O | Communication port 4 data-strobe signal | | | | | | | |
| CRDY4 | 1 | I/O | Communication port 4 data-ready signal | | | | | | | |
| CDIR4 | 1 | 0 | Communication port 4 direction signal | | | | | | | |
| | | СОМ | MUNICATION PORT 5 INTERFACE (13 pins) | | | | | | | |
| C5D7-C5D0 | 8 | I/O | Communication port 5 data bus | | | | | | | |
| CREQ5 | 1 | I/O | Communication port 5 token-request signal | | | | | | | |
| CACK5 | 1 | I/O | Communication port 5 token-request-acknowledge signal | | | | | | | |
| CSTRB5 | 1 | I/O | Communication port 5 data-strobe signal | | | | | | | |
| CRDY5 | 1 | I/O | Communication port 5 data-ready signal | | | | | | | |
| CDIR5 | 1 | 0 | Communication port 5 direction signal | | | | | | | |

 $^{^{\}dagger}$ I = input, O = output, Z = high impedance



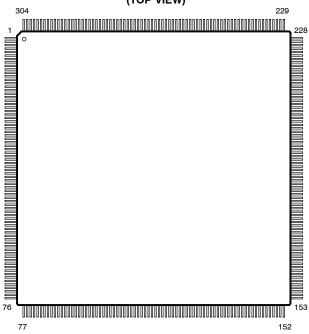
[†] The effective address range is defined by the local/global STRB ACTIVE bits in the memory interface-control registers.

Pin Functions (Continued)

| SIGNAL NAME | NO. OF PINS | TYPE† | DESCRIPTION | | | | | | |
|---|----------------|-------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| INTERRUPTS, I/O FLAGS, RESET, TIMER (12 pins) | | | | | | | | | |
| IIOF3 – IIOF0 | 4 | I/O | Interrupt and I/O flags | | | | | | |
| NMI | 1 | I | Nonmaskable interrupt. NMI is sensitive to a low-going edge. | | | | | | |
| IACK | 1 | 0 | Interrupt acknowledge | | | | | | |
| RESET | 1 | I | Reset signal | | | | | | |
| RESETLOC1 RESETLOC0 | 2 | I | Reset-vector location | | | | | | |
| ROMEN | 1 | I | On-chip ROM enable (0 = disable, 1 = enable) | | | | | | |
| TCLK0 | 1 | I/O | Timer 0 | | | | | | |
| TCLK1 | 1 | I/O | Timer 1 | | | | | | |
| | | | CLOCK (4 pins) | | | | | | |
| X1 | 1 | 0 | Crystal | | | | | | |
| X2 / CLKIN | 1 | I | Crystal/oscillator | | | | | | |
| H1 | 1 | 0 | H1 clock | | | | | | |
| H3 | 1 | 0 | H3 clock | | | | | | |
| | | | POWER (71 pins) | | | | | | |
| CV _{SS} | 17 | I | Ground | | | | | | |
| DV _{SS} | 17 | I | Ground | | | | | | |
| IV _{SS} | 6 | I | Ground | | | | | | |
| DV_DD | 22 | I | 5-V _{DC} supply | | | | | | |
| VSUBS | 1 | I | Substrate (tie to ground) | | | | | | |
| V_{DDL} | 4 | I | 5-V _{DC} supply | | | | | | |
| V_{SSL} | 4 | I | Ground | | | | | | |
| | | | EMULATION (7 pins) | | | | | | |
| TCK | 1 | I | IEEE 1149.1 test port clock | | | | | | |
| TDI | 1 | I | IEEE 1149.1 test port data in | | | | | | |
| TDO | 1 | O/Z | IEEE 1149.1 test port data out | | | | | | |
| TMS | 1 | I | IEEE 1149.1 test port mode select | | | | | | |
| TRST | 1 | I | IEEE 1149.1 test port reset | | | | | | |
| EMU0 | 1 | I/O | Emulation pin 0 | | | | | | |
| EMU1 | 1 | I/O | Emulation pin 1 | | | | | | |

[†] I = input, O = output, Z = high impedance ‡ The effective address range is defined by the local/global STRB ACTIVE bits in the memory interface-control registers.





PDB Package Pin Assignments — Alphabetical Listing

| | T DD T ackage Fin Assignments — Alphabetical Listing | | | | | | | | | |
|------|--|-------|-----|------------------|-----|------------------|-----|--|--|--|
| PI | | | PIN | | N | PI | | | | |
| NAME | NO. | NAME | NO. | NAME | NO. | NAME | NO. | | | |
| A0 | 149 | C2D7 | 34 | CV _{SS} | 134 | D24 | 137 | | | |
| A1 | 150 | C4D0 | 87 | CV _{SS} | 117 | D25 | 138 | | | |
| A2 | 151 | C4D1 | 88 | CV _{SS} | 102 | D26 | 140 | | | |
| A3 | 152 | C4D2 | 90 | CV _{SS} | 78 | D27 | 141 | | | |
| A4 | 154 | C4D3 | 92 | CV _{SS} | 62 | D28 | 142 | | | |
| A5 | 155 | C4D4 | 94 | CV _{SS} | 44 | D29 | 143 | | | |
| A6 | 156 | C4D5 | 97 | CV _{SS} | 25 | D30 | 144 | | | |
| A7 | 157 | C4D6 | 99 | CV _{SS} | 7 | D31 | 145 | | | |
| A8 | 158 | C4D7 | 100 | CV _{SS} | 282 | DE | 89 | | | |
| A9 | 159 | C5D0 | 37 | CV _{SS} | 262 | DV_DD | 139 | | | |
| A10 | 160 | C5D1 | 39 | CV _{SS} | 247 | DV_DD | 124 | | | |
| A11 | 162 | C5D2 | 41 | CV _{SS} | 230 | DV_DD | 109 | | | |
| A12 | 165 | C5D3 | 42 | CV _{SS} | 218 | DV _{DD} | 96 | | | |
| A13 | 166 | C5D4 | 45 | CV _{SS} | 202 | DV _{DD} | 83 | | | |
| A14 | 167 | C5D5 | 46 | CV _{SS} | 182 | DV _{DD} | 67 | | | |
| A15 | 168 | C5D6 | 47 | CV _{SS} | 164 | DV _{DD} | 51 | | | |
| A16 | 169 | C5D7 | 48 | D0 | 104 | DV_DD | 40 | | | |
| A17 | 170 | CACK1 | 13 | D1 | 105 | DV_DD | 28 | | | |
| A18 | 171 | CACK2 | 21 | D2 | 106 | DV_DD | 17 | | | |
| A19 | 174 | CACK4 | 73 | D3 | 107 | DV_DD | 302 | | | |
| A20 | 175 | CACK5 | 50 | D4 | 108 | DV_DD | 288 | | | |
| A21 | 176 | CDIR1 | 19 | D5 | 110 | DV_DD | 272 | | | |



PDB Package Pin Assignments — Alphabetical Listing (Continued)

| | PIN | PIN | | PI | N | PIN | |
|------------------|-----|------------------|-----|--------|-----|--------------------|-----|
| NAME | NO. | NAME | NO. | NAME | NO. | NAME | NO. |
| A22 | 177 | CDIR2 | 18 | D6 | 111 | DV_DD | 256 |
| A23 | 178 | CDIR4 | 16 | D7 | 112 | DV_DD | 244 |
| ĀĒ | 57 | CDIR5 | 15 | D8 | 113 | DV_DD | 236 |
| C1D0 | 269 | CE0 | 93 | D9 | 114 | DV_DD | 223 |
| C1D1 | 271 | CE1 | 101 | D10 | 115 | DV_DD | 207 |
| C1D2 | 274 | CRDY1 | 8 | D11 | 118 | DV_DD | 188 |
| C1D3 | 276 | CRDY2 | 23 | D12 | 120 | DV_DD | 172 |
| C1D4 | 278 | CRDY4 | 85 | D13 | 122 | DV_DD | 161 |
| C1D5 | 280 | CRDY5 | 53 | D14 | 123 | DV_DD | 153 |
| C1D6 | 283 | CREQ1 | 11 | D15 | 125 | DV _{SS} | 147 |
| C1D7 | 286 | CREQ2 | 20 | D16 | 127 | DV _{SS} | 133 |
| C2D0 | 26 | CREQ4 | 71 | D17 | 128 | DV _{SS} | 116 |
| C2D1 | 27 | CREQ5 | 49 | D18 | 129 | DV _{SS} | 103 |
| C2D2 | 29 | CSTRB1 | 14 | D19 | 130 | DV _{SS} | 79 |
| C2D3 | 30 | CSTRB2 | 22 | D20 | 131 | DV _{SS} | 63 |
| C2D4 | 31 | CSTRB4 | 84 | D21 | 132 | DV _{SS} | 43 |
| C2D5 | 32 | CSTRB5 | 52 | D22 | 135 | DV _{SS} | 24 |
| C2D6 | 33 | CV _{SS} | 148 | D23 | 136 | DV_SS | 6 |
| DV _{SS} | 281 | LA17 | 253 | LD30 | 228 | STAT0 | 68 |
| DV _{SS} | 261 | LA18 | 254 | LD31 | 229 | STAT1 | 66 |
| DV _{SS} | 246 | LA19 | 255 | LDE | 291 | STAT2 | 64 |
| DV _{SS} | 231 | LA20 | 257 | LLOCK | 284 | STAT3 | 61 |
| DV _{SS} | 217 | LA21 | 258 | LOCK | 95 | STRB0 | 58 |
| DV _{SS} | 201 | LA22 | 259 | LPAGE0 | 299 | STRB1 | 69 |
| DV _{SS} | 179 | LA23 | 260 | LPAGE1 | 294 | TCK | 86 |
| DV _{SS} | 163 | LAE | 287 | LRDY0 | 298 | TCLK0 | 290 |
| EMU0 | 75 | LCE0 | 297 | LRDY1 | 293 | TCLK1 | 289 |
| EMU1 | 74 | LCE1 | 292 | LR/W0 | 300 | TDI | 76 |
| H1 | 266 | LD0 | 183 | LR/W1 | 295 | TDO | 80 |
| H3 | 268 | LD1 | 184 | LSTAT0 | 279 | TMS | 82 |
| TACK | 270 | LD2 | 185 | LSTAT1 | 277 | TRST | 81 |
| IIOF0 | 10 | LD3 | 186 | LSTAT2 | 275 | V_{DDL} | 38 |
| IIOF1 | 9 | LD4 | 187 | LSTAT3 | 273 | V_{DDL} | 121 |
| IIOF2 | 5 | LD5 | 192 | LSTRB0 | 301 | V_{DDL} | 191 |
| IIOF3 | 4 | LD6 | 194 | LSTRB1 | 296 | V_{DDL} | 267 |
| IV _{SS} | 126 | LD7 | 195 | NC | 1 | $V_{\rm SSL}$ | 36 |
| IV _{SS} | 65 | LD8 | 196 | NC | 77 | V _{SSL} | 119 |
| IV _{SS} | 35 | LD9 | 197 | NC | 173 | V _{SSL} | 193 |
| IV _{SS} | 2 | LD10 | 200 | NC | 180 | V _{SSL} | 265 |
| IV _{SS} | 285 | LD11 | 203 | NC | 181 | VSUBS | 146 |
| IV _{SS} | 209 | LD12 | 204 | NC | 189 | X1 | 264 |
| LA0 | 232 | LD13 | 205 | NC | 190 | X2/CLKIN | 263 |
| LA1 | 233 | LD14 | 206 | NC | 198 | | |



PDB Package Pin Assignments — Alphabetical Listing (Continued)

| PI | N | PIN | 1 | PIN | | PIN | 1 |
|------|-----|------|-----|-----------|-----|------|-----|
| NAME | NO. | NAME | NO. | NAME | NO. | NAME | NO. |
| LA2 | 234 | LD15 | 208 | NC | 199 | | |
| LA3 | 235 | LD16 | 210 | NC | 214 | | |
| LA4 | 237 | LD17 | 211 | NC | 303 | | |
| LA5 | 238 | LD18 | 212 | NC | 304 | | |
| LA6 | 239 | LD19 | 213 | NMI | 3 | | |
| LA7 | 240 | LD20 | 215 | PAGE0 | 60 | | |
| LA8 | 241 | LD21 | 216 | PAGE1 | 72 | | |
| LA9 | 242 | LD22 | 219 | RDY0 | 91 | | |
| LA10 | 243 | LD23 | 220 | RDY1 | 98 | | |
| LA11 | 245 | LD24 | 221 | RESET | 54 | | |
| LA12 | 248 | LD25 | 222 | RESETLOC0 | 55 | | |
| LA13 | 249 | LD26 | 224 | RESETLOC1 | 56 | | |
| LA14 | 250 | LD27 | 225 | ROMEN | 12 | | |
| LA15 | 251 | LD28 | 226 | R/W0 | 59 | | |
| LA16 | 252 | LD29 | 227 | R/W1 | 70 | | |

PDB Package Pin Assignments — Numerical Listing

| | PIN | <u> </u> | PIN | I | PIN | PIN | |
|-----|------------------|----------|------------------|-----|------------------|-----|------------------|
| NO. | NAME | NO. | NAME | NO. | NAME | NO. | NAME |
| 1 | NC | 41 | C5D2 | 81 | TRST | 121 | V_{DDL} |
| 2 | IV_{SS} | 42 | C5D3 | 82 | TMS | 122 | D13 |
| 3 | NMI | 43 | DV_SS | 83 | DV_DD | 123 | D14 |
| 4 | ĪIOF3 | 44 | CV _{SS} | 84 | CSTRB4 | 124 | DV_DD |
| 5 | ĪIOF2 | 45 | C5D4 | 85 | CRDY4 | 125 | D15 |
| 6 | DV_SS | 46 | C5D5 | 86 | TCK | 126 | IV _{SS} |
| 7 | CV _{SS} | 47 | C5D6 | 87 | C4D0 | 127 | D16 |
| 8 | CRDY1 | 48 | C5D7 | 88 | C4D1 | 128 | D17 |
| 9 | ĪIOF1 | 49 | CREQ5 | 89 | DE | 129 | D18 |
| 10 | ĪIOF0 | 50 | CACK5 | 90 | C4D2 | 130 | D19 |
| 11 | CREQ1 | 51 | DV_DD | 91 | RDY0 | 131 | D20 |
| 12 | ROMEN | 52 | CSTRB5 | 92 | C4D3 | 132 | D21 |
| 13 | CACK1 | 53 | CRDY5 | 93 | CE0 | 133 | DV_SS |
| 14 | CSTRB1 | 54 | RESET | 94 | C4D4 | 134 | CV _{SS} |
| 15 | CDIR5 | 55 | RESETLOC0 | 95 | LOCK | 135 | D22 |
| 16 | CDIR4 | 56 | RESETLOC1 | 96 | DV_DD | 136 | D23 |
| 17 | DV_DD | 57 | ĀĒ | 97 | C4D5 | 137 | D24 |
| 18 | CDIR2 | 58 | STRB0 | 98 | RDY1 | 138 | D25 |
| 19 | CDIR1 | 59 | R/₩0 | 99 | C4D6 | 139 | DV_DD |
| 20 | CREQ2 | 60 | PAGE0 | 100 | C4D7 | 140 | D26 |
| 21 | CACK2 | 61 | STAT3 | 101 | CE1 | 141 | D27 |
| 22 | CSTRB2 | 62 | CV _{SS} | 102 | CV _{SS} | 142 | D28 |
| 23 | CRDY2 | 63 | DV_SS | 103 | DV _{SS} | 143 | D29 |
| 24 | DV_SS | 64 | STAT2 | 104 | D0 | 144 | D30 |



PDB Package Pin Assignments — Numerical Listing (Continued)

| PIN PIN PIN | | | PIN | PIN | | | |
|-------------|--------------------|-----|------------------|-----|------------------|-----|------------------|
| NO. | NAME | NO. | NAME | NO. | NAME | NO. | NAME |
| 25 | CV _{SS} | 65 | IV _{SS} | 105 | D1 | 145 | D31 |
| 26 | C2D0 | 66 | STAT1 | 106 | D2 | 146 | VSUBS |
| 27 | C2D1 | 67 | DV_DD | 107 | D3 | 147 | DV _{SS} |
| 28 | DV_DD | 68 | STAT0 | 108 | D4 | 148 | CV _{SS} |
| 29 | C2D2 | 69 | STRB1 | 109 | DV_DD | 149 | A0 |
| 30 | C2D3 | 70 | R/₩1 | 110 | D5 | 150 | A1 |
| 31 | C2D4 | 71 | CREQ4 | 111 | D6 | 151 | A2 |
| 32 | C2D5 | 72 | PAGE1 | 112 | D7 | 152 | A3 |
| 33 | C2D6 | 73 | CACK4 | 113 | D8 | 153 | DV _{DD} |
| 34 | C2D7 | 74 | EMU1 | 114 | D9 | 154 | A4 |
| 35 | IV _{SS} | 75 | EMU0 | 115 | D10 | 155 | A5 |
| 36 | V_{SSL} | 76 | TDI | 116 | DV _{SS} | 156 | A6 |
| 37 | C5D0 | 77 | NC | 117 | CV _{SS} | 157 | A7 |
| 38 | V_{DDL} | 78 | CV _{SS} | 118 | D11 | 158 | A8 |
| 39 | C5D1 | 79 | DV _{SS} | 119 | V_{SSL} | 159 | A9 |
| 40 | DV _{DD} | 80 | TDO | 120 | D12 | 160 | A10 |
| 161 | DV_DD | 201 | DV _{SS} | 241 | LA8 | 281 | DV _{SS} |
| 162 | A11 | 202 | CV _{SS} | 242 | LA9 | 282 | CV _{SS} |
| 163 | DV _{SS} | 203 | LD11 | 243 | LA10 | 283 | C1D6 |
| 164 | CV _{SS} | 204 | LD12 | 244 | DV_DD | 284 | LLOCK |
| 165 | A12 | 205 | LD13 | 245 | LA11 | 285 | IV _{SS} |
| 166 | A13 | 206 | LD14 | 246 | DV _{SS} | 286 | C1D7 |
| 167 | A14 | 207 | DV _{DD} | 247 | CV _{SS} | 287 | LAE |
| 168 | A15 | 208 | LD15 | 248 | LA12 | 288 | DV _{DD} |
| 169 | A16 | 209 | IV _{SS} | 249 | LA13 | 289 | TCLK1 |
| 170 | A17 | 210 | LD16 | 250 | LA14 | 290 | TCLK0 |
| 171 | A18 | 211 | LD17 | 251 | LA15 | 291 | LDE |
| 172 | DV_DD | 212 | LD18 | 252 | LA16 | 292 | LCE1 |
| 173 | NC | 213 | LD19 | 253 | LA17 | 293 | LRDY1 |
| 174 | A19 | 214 | NC | 254 | LA18 | 294 | LPAGE1 |
| 175 | A20 | 215 | LD20 | 255 | LA19 | 295 | LR / ₩1 |
| 176 | A21 | 216 | LD21 | 256 | DV_DD | 296 | LSTRB1 |
| 177 | A22 | 217 | DV_SS | 257 | LA20 | 297 | LCE0 |
| 178 | A23 | 218 | CV _{SS} | 258 | LA21 | 298 | LRDY0 |
| 179 | DV_SS | 219 | LD22 | 259 | LA22 | 299 | LPAGE0 |
| 180 | NC | 220 | LD23 | 260 | LA23 | 300 | LR / ₩0 |
| 181 | NC | 221 | LD24 | 261 | DV _{SS} | 301 | LSTRB0 |
| 182 | CV _{SS} | 222 | LD25 | 262 | CV _{SS} | 302 | DV_DD |
| 183 | LD0 | 223 | DV_DD | 263 | X2 / CLKIN | 303 | NC |
| 184 | LD1 | 224 | LD26 | 264 | X1 | 304 | NC |
| 185 | LD2 | 225 | LD27 | 265 | V _{SSL} | | |
| 186 | LD3 | 226 | LD28 | 266 | H1 | | |
| 187 | LD4 | 227 | LD29 | 267 | V_{DDL} | | |



PDB Package Pin Assignments — Numerical Listing (Continued)

| Р | PIN | Р | IN | ı | PIN | P | IN |
|-----|--------------------|-----|------------------|-----|---------|-----|------|
| NO. | NAME | NO. | NAME | NO. | NAME | NO. | NAME |
| 188 | DV_DD | 228 | LD30 | 268 | H3 | | |
| 189 | NC | 229 | LD31 | 269 | C1D0 | | |
| 190 | NC | 230 | CV _{SS} | 270 | ĪACK | | |
| 191 | V_{DDL} | 231 | DV _{SS} | 271 | C1D1 | | |
| 192 | LD5 | 232 | LA0 | 272 | DV_DD | | |
| 193 | V_{SSL} | 233 | LA1 | 273 | LSTAT3 | | |
| 194 | LD6 | 234 | LA2 | 274 | C1D2 | | |
| 195 | LD7 | 235 | LA3 | 275 | LSTAT2 | | |
| 196 | LD8 | 236 | DV_DD | 276 | C1D3 | | |
| 197 | LD9 | 237 | LA4 | 277 | LSTAT1 | | |
| 198 | NC | 238 | LA5 | 278 | C1D4 | | |
| 199 | NC | 239 | LA6 | 279 | LSTAT0 | | |
| 200 | LD10 | 240 | LA7 | 280 | C1D5 | | |

388-PIN GFW BALL GRID ARRAY (BOTTOM VIEW)

| AF AE | 000000000000000000000000000000000000000 |
|----------------|--|
| AD AC AB | 000000000000000000000000000000000000000 |
| AA Y | |
| w v | 0000 |
| T R | 0000 T 000000 0000 0000 R 000000 0000 |
| P N M | 0000 |
| L K | 0000 L 00000 0000 0000 11 16 0000 |
| J H G | |
| F E | 0000 0000 |
| D C B | 000000000000000000000000000000000000000 |
| Α | 000000000000000000000000000000000000000 |

NOTES: A. N/C = No connection to this frame pin

- B. Numbers around the detail in this figure are ball pin numbers.
- C. V_{SS} ground potential ring is connected to the BGA ball pins as listed: A1, A2, A26, B2, B25, B26, C3, C24, D4, D9, D14, D19, D23, H4, J23, L11 - L16, M11 - M16, N4, P23, V4, W23, AC4, AC8, AC13, AC18, AC23, AD3, AD24, AE1, AE2, AE25, AF1, AF25, AF26. (The following V_{SS} pins are also thermal connections) L11 - L16, T11 - T16, M11 - M16, N11 - N16, P11 - P16, R11 - R16.

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D. $\ensuremath{\text{V}_{\text{DD}}}$ power potential ring is connected to the BGA ball pins as listed: D6, D11, D16, D21, F4, F23, L4, L23, T4, T23, AA4, AA23, AC6, AC11, AC16, AC21.

GFW Package Pin Assignments Numerical Listing by Ball Pin Number

| | PIN | | PIN | | PIN | PIN | |
|-----|----------|-----|-----------------|-----|-------------------|-----|-----------------|
| NO. | NAME | NO. | NAME | NO. | NAME | NO. | NAME |
| A1 | V_{SS} | B17 | LD13 | D7 | N/C | G25 | N/C |
| A2 | V_{SS} | B18 | N/C | D8 | A15 | G26 | N/C |
| А3 | N/C | B19 | LD16 | D9 | V_{SS} | H1 | N/C |
| A4 | A7 | B20 | LD19 | D10 | A21 | H2 | D22 |
| A5 | N/C | B21 | N/C | D11 | V_{DD} | H3 | D21 |
| A6 | N/C | B22 | LD25 | D12 | N/C | H4 | V _{SS} |
| A7 | A14 | B23 | LD27 | D13 | N/C | H23 | LA11 |
| A8 | A18 | B24 | LD29 | D14 | V _{SS} | H24 | LA10 |
| A9 | N/C | B25 | V_{SS} | D15 | LD6 | H25 | LA13 |
| A10 | A22 | B26 | V _{SS} | D16 | V_{DD} | H26 | LA12 |
| A11 | N/C | C1 | A1 | D17 | N/C | J1 | D19 |
| A12 | LD1 | C2 | A2 | D18 | N/C | J2 | D20 |
| A13 | N/C | C3 | V _{SS} | D19 | V _{SS} | J3 | D17 |
| A14 | N/C | C4 | A4 | D20 | N/C | J4 | N/C |
| A15 | LD9 | C5 | A6 | D21 | V_{DD} | J23 | V _{SS} |

[†] Thermal connection



GFW Package Pin Assignments Numerical Listing by Ball Pin Number (Continued)

| ! | PIN | | PIN | PIN | | PIN | |
|-----|-------------------|-----|------------------------------|-----|--------------------|------|--------------------|
| NO. | NAME | NO. | NAME | NO. | NAME | NO. | NAME |
| A16 | N/C | C6 | A10 | D22 | LD24 | J24 | N/C |
| A17 | LD11 | C7 | N/C | D23 | V_{SS} | J25 | LA16 |
| A18 | LD14 | C8 | A13 | D24 | N/C | J26 | LA14 |
| A19 | LD15 | C9 | A17 | D25 | LA3 | K1 | D16 |
| A20 | LD18 | C10 | A19 | D26 | LA1 | K2 | D18 |
| A21 | LD20 | C11 | A23 | E1 | D29 | K3 | N/C |
| A22 | LD22 | C12 | N/C | E2 | V _(SUB) | K4 | N/C |
| A23 | N/C | C13 | LD2 | E3 | D30 | K23 | LA17 |
| A24 | LD28 | C14 | LD4 | E4 | D31 | K24 | LA15 |
| A25 | LD30 | C15 | LD5 | E23 | LA2 | K25 | N/C |
| A26 | V_{SS} | C16 | LD8 | E24 | LA0 | K26 | LA18 |
| B1 | A3 | C17 | N/C | E25 | LA5 | L1 | D14 |
| B2 | V _{SS} | C18 | LD12 | E26 | LA4 | L2 | D15 |
| ВЗ | A5 | C19 | N/C | F1 | N/C | L3 | D12 |
| B4 | A9 | C20 | LD17 | F2 | D28 | L4 | V_{DD} |
| B5 | A11 | C21 | LD21 | F3 | D26 | L11 | V_{SS}^{\dagger} |
| B6 | A12 | C22 | LD23 | F4 | V_{DD} | L12 | V_{SS}^{\dagger} |
| B7 | A16 | C23 | LD26 | F23 | V_{DD} | L13 | V_{SS}^{\dagger} |
| B8 | N/C | C24 | V_{SS} | F24 | N/C | L14 | V _{SS} † |
| B9 | A20 | C25 | N/C | F25 | LA9 | L15 | V_{SS}^{\dagger} |
| B10 | N/C | C26 | LD31 | F26 | LA7 | L16 | V_{SS}^{\dagger} |
| B11 | LD0 | D1 | N/C | G1 | D24 | L23 | V_{DD} |
| B12 | LD3 | D2 | A0 | G2 | D25 | L24 | LA19 |
| B13 | N/C | D3 | N/C | G3 | D23 | L25 | LA23 |
| B14 | LD7 | D4 | V_{SS} | G4 | D27 | L26 | LA21 |
| B15 | LD10 | D5 | A8 | G23 | LA8 | M1 | N/C |
| B16 | N/C | D6 | V_{DD} | G24 | LA6 | M2 | D13 |
| МЗ | N/C | R3 | D3 | W1 | N/C | AC11 | V_{DD} |
| M4 | D11 | R4 | D1 | W2 | C4D5 | AC12 | C5D3 |
| M11 | V _{SS} † | R11 | V _{SS} † | W3 | RDY0 | AC13 | V _{SS} |
| M12 | V _{SS} † | R12 | V _{SS} † | W4 | CE0 | AC14 | N/C |
| M13 | V _{SS} † | R13 | V _{SS} [†] | W23 | V _{SS} | AC15 | C2D2 |
| M14 | V _{SS} † | R14 | V _{SS} [†] | W24 | LLOCK | AC16 | V_{DD} |
| M16 | V _{SS} † | R15 | V _{SS} [†] | W25 | ĪĀĒ | AC17 | N/C |
| M15 | V _{SS} † | R16 | V _{SS} [†] | W26 | N/C | AC18 | V _{SS} |
| M23 | LA20 | R23 | IACK | Y1 | C4D3 | AC19 | N/C |
| M24 | LA22 | R24 | НЗ | Y2 | C4D4 | AC20 | CACK1 |
| M25 | X2CLKIN | R25 | C1D2 | Y3 | C4D0 | AC21 | V_{DD} |
| M26 | N/C | R26 | LSTAT3 | Y4 | DE | AC22 | N/C |
| N1 | N/C | T1 | D2 | Y23 | LRDY1 | AC23 | V _{SS} |
| N2 | N/C | T2 | D4 | Y24 | N/C | AC24 | LRW0 |
| N3 | D7 | Т3 | N/C | Y25 | TCLK0 | AC25 | LSTRB0 |
| | | H . | | | | | |

[†] Thermal connection



GFW Package Pin Assignments Numerical Listing by Ball Pin Number (Continued)

| | PIN | | PIN | PIN | | | PIN |
|------|--------------------|------|--------------------|------|----------|------|-----------------|
| NO. | NAME | NO. | NAME | NO. | NAME | NO. | NAME |
| N4 | V_{SS} | T4 | V_{DD} | Y26 | TCLK1 | AC26 | LPAGE0 |
| N11 | V_{SS}^{\dagger} | T11 | V _{SS} † | AA1 | C4D1 | AD1 | N/C |
| N12 | V_{SS}^{\dagger} | T12 | V _{SS} † | AA2 | C4D2 | AD2 | N/C |
| N13 | V _{SS} † | T13 | V _{SS} † | AA3 | CSTRB4 | AD3 | V_{SS} |
| N14 | V _{SS} † | T14 | V _{SS} † | AA4 | V_{DD} | AD4 | PAGE1 |
| N15 | V_{SS}^{\dagger} | T15 | V_{SS}^{\dagger} | AA23 | V_{DD} | AD5 | STAT0 |
| N16 | V_{SS}^{\dagger} | T16 | V_{SS}^{\dagger} | AA24 | LCE1 | AD6 | STAT2 |
| N23 | H1 | T23 | V_{DD} | AA25 | LPAGE1 | AD7 | PAGE0 |
| N24 | N/C | T24 | N/C | AA26 | LDE | AD8 | RESETLOC1 |
| N25 | N/C | T25 | LSTAT1 | AB1 | CRDY4 | AD9 | CSTRB5 |
| N26 | N/C | T26 | LSTAT2 | AB2 | TCK | AD10 | C5D7 |
| P1 | D8 | U1 | N/C | AB3 | TDO | AD11 | N/C |
| P2 | D10 | U2 | D0 | AB4 | TMS | AD12 | N/C |
| P3 | D5 | U3 | C4D6 | AB23 | LCE0 | AD13 | N/C |
| P4 | D9 | U4 | CE1 | AB24 | LSTRB1 | AD14 | C2D7 |
| P11 | V _{SS} † | U23 | C1D4 | AB25 | LRDY0 | AD15 | C2D4 |
| P12 | V _{SS} † | U24 | C1D3 | AB26 | LRW1 | AD16 | C2D1 |
| P13 | V _{SS} † | U25 | N/C | AC1 | TRST | AD17 | CRDY2 |
| P14 | V_{SS}^{\dagger} | U26 | LSTAT0 | AC2 | N/C | AD18 | CDIR1 |
| P15 | VSS [†] | V1 | RDY1 | AC3 | N/C | AD19 | CDIR5 |
| P16 | V _{SS} † | V2 | C4D7 | AC4 | V_{SS} | AD20 | CREQ1 |
| P23 | V_{SS} | V3 | LOCK | AC5 | STRB1 | AD21 | CRDY1 |
| P24 | X1 | V4 | V_{SS} | AC6 | V_{DD} | AD22 | IIOF3 |
| P25 | C1D1 | V23 | C1D7 | AC7 | N/C | AD23 | N/C |
| P26 | C1D0 | V24 | C1D5 | AC8 | V_{SS} | AD24 | V_{SS} |
| R1 | N/C | V25 | C1D6 | AC9 | STRB0 | AD25 | N/C |
| R2 | D6 | V26 | N/C | AC10 | CACK5 | AD26 | N/C |
| AE1 | V_{SS} | AE14 | C5D1 | AF1 | V_{SS} | AF14 | C5D0 |
| AE2 | V _{SS} | AE15 | N/C | AF2 | TD1 | AF15 | C2D6 |
| AE3 | EMU0 | AE16 | C2D5 | AF3 | EMU1 | AF16 | C2D3 |
| AE4 | CACK4 | AE17 | N/C | AF4 | CREQ4 | AF17 | C2D0 |
| AE5 | RW1 | AE18 | N/C | AF5 | N/C | AF18 | CSTRB2 |
| AE6 | STAT1 | AE19 | CACK2 | AF6 | N/C | AF19 | CREQ2 |
| AE7 | N/C | AE20 | CDIR2 | AF7 | STAT3 | AF20 | CDIR4 |
| AE8 | RW0 | AE21 | CSTRB1 | AF8 | ĀĒ | AF21 | ROMEN |
| AE9 | RESETLOC0 | AE22 | IIOF0 | AF9 | RESET | AF22 | IIOF1 |
| AE10 | CRDY5 | AE23 | N/C | AF10 | N/C | AF23 | IIOF2 |
| AE11 | CREQ5 | AE24 | NMI | AF11 | C5D6 | AF24 | N/C |
| AE12 | C5D5 | AE25 | V _{SS} | AF12 | C5D4 | AF25 | V _{SS} |
| AE13 | N/C | AE26 | N/C | AF13 | C5D2 | AF26 | V _{SS} |

[†] Thermal connection



GFW Package Pin Assignments Alphabetical Listing by Ball Pin Function

| PII | N . | | PIN | | PIN | Į. | PIN |
|------|----------|------|----------|------|----------|------|----------|
| NO. | FUNCTION | NO. | FUNCTION | NO. | FUNCTION | NO. | FUNCTION |
| D2 | A0 | AA1 | C4D1 | P3 | D5 | E25 | LA5 |
| C1 | A1 | AA2 | C4D2 | R2 | D6 | G24 | LA6 |
| C2 | A2 | Y1 | C4D3 | N3 | D7 | F26 | LA7 |
| B1 | A3 | Y2 | C4D4 | P1 | D8 | G23 | LA8 |
| C4 | A4 | W2 | C4D5 | P4 | D9 | F25 | LA9 |
| В3 | A5 | U3 | C4D6 | P2 | D10 | H24 | LA10 |
| C5 | A6 | V2 | C4D7 | M4 | D11 | H23 | LA11 |
| A4 | A7 | AF14 | C5D0 | L3 | D12 | H26 | LA12 |
| D5 | A8 | AE14 | C5D1 | M2 | D13 | H25 | LA13 |
| B4 | A9 | AF13 | C5D2 | L1 | D14 | J26 | LA14 |
| C6 | A10 | AC12 | C5D3 | L2 | D15 | K24 | LA15 |
| B5 | A11 | AF12 | C5D4 | K1 | D16 | J25 | LA16 |
| B6 | A12 | AE12 | C5D5 | J3 | D17 | K23 | LA17 |
| C8 | A13 | AF11 | C5D6 | K2 | D18 | K26 | LA18 |
| A7 | A14 | AD10 | C5D7 | J1 | D19 | L24 | LA19 |
| D8 | A15 | AC20 | CACK1 | J2 | D20 | M23 | LA20 |
| B7 | A16 | AE19 | CACK2 | НЗ | D21 | L26 | LA21 |
| C9 | A17 | AE4 | CACK4 | H2 | D22 | M24 | LA22 |
| A8 | A18 | AC10 | CACK5 | G3 | D23 | L25 | LA23 |
| C10 | A19 | AD18 | CDIR1 | G1 | D24 | W25 | LAE |
| B9 | A20 | AE20 | CDIR2 | G2 | D25 | AB23 | LCE0 |
| D10 | A21 | AF20 | CDIR4 | F3 | D26 | AA24 | LCE1 |
| A10 | A22 | AD19 | CDIR5 | G4 | D27 | B11 | LD0 |
| C11 | A23 | W4 | CE0 | F2 | D28 | A12 | LD1 |
| AF8 | ĀĒ | U4 | CE1 | E1 | D29 | C13 | LD2 |
| P26 | C1D0 | AD21 | CRDY1 | E3 | D30 | B12 | LD3 |
| P25 | C1D1 | AD17 | CRDY2 | E4 | D31 | C14 | LD4 |
| R25 | C1D2 | AB1 | CRDY4 | Y4 | DE | C15 | LD5 |
| U24 | C1D3 | AE10 | CRDY5 | AE3 | EMU0 | D15 | LD6 |
| U23 | C1D4 | AD20 | CREQ1 | AF3 | EMU1 | B14 | LD7 |
| V24 | C1D5 | AF19 | CREQ2 | N23 | H1 | C16 | LD8 |
| V25 | C1D6 | AF4 | CREQ4 | R24 | НЗ | A15 | LD9 |
| V23 | C1D7 | AE11 | CREQ5 | R23 | ĪACK | B15 | LD10 |
| AF17 | C2D0 | AE21 | CSTRB1 | AE22 | IIOF0 | A17 | LD11 |
| AD16 | C2D1 | AF18 | CSTRB2 | AF22 | IIOF1 | C18 | LD12 |
| AC15 | C2D2 | AA3 | CSTRB4 | AF23 | IIOF2 | B17 | LD13 |
| AF16 | C2D3 | AD9 | CSTRB5 | AD22 | IIOF3 | A18 | LD14 |
| AD15 | C2D4 | U2 | D0 | E24 | LA0 | A19 | LD15 |
| AE16 | C2D5 | R4 | D1 | D26 | LA1 | B19 | LD16 |
| AF15 | C2D6 | T1 | D2 | E23 | LA2 | C20 | LD17 |
| AD14 | C2D7 | R3 | D3 | D25 | LA3 | A20 | LD18 |
| Y3 | C4D0 | T2 | D4 | E26 | LA4 | B20 | LD19 |

[†] Thermal connection



GFW Package Pin Assignments Alphabetical Listing by Ball Pin Function (Continued)

| PIN | | | PIN | <u> </u> | PIN | PIN | | |
|------|-------------------|------|-----------------|----------|--------------------|------|------------------------------|--|
| NO. | FUNCTION | NO. | FUNCTION | NO. | FUNCTION | NO. | FUNCTION | |
| A21 | LD20 | AC7 | N/C | G25 | N/C | AB2 | TCK | |
| C21 | LD21 | AD1 | N/C | G26 | N/C | Y25 | TCLK0 | |
| A22 | LD22 | AD11 | N/C | H1 | N/C | Y26 | TCLK1 | |
| C22 | LD23 | AD12 | N/C | J24 | N/C | AF2 | TD1 | |
| D22 | LD24 | AD13 | N/C | J4 | N/C | AB3 | TDO | |
| B22 | LD25 | AD2 | N/C | K25 | N/C | AB4 | TMS | |
| C23 | LD26 | AD23 | N/C | K3 | N/C | AC1 | TRST | |
| B23 | LD27 | AD25 | N/C | K4 | N/C | AA23 | V_{DD} | |
| A24 | LD28 | AD26 | N/C | M1 | N/C | AA4 | V_{DD} | |
| B24 | LD29 | AE13 | N/C | M26 | N/C | AC11 | V_{DD} | |
| A25 | LD30 | AE15 | N/C | МЗ | N/C | AC16 | V_{DD} | |
| C26 | LD31 | AE17 | N/C | N1 | N/C | AC21 | V_{DD} | |
| AA26 | LDE | AE18 | N/C | N2 | N/C | AC6 | V_{DD} | |
| W24 | LLOCK | AE23 | N/C | N24 | N/C | D11 | V_{DD} | |
| V3 | LOCK | AE26 | N/C | N25 | N/C | D16 | V_{DD} | |
| AC26 | LPAGE0 | AE7 | N/C | N26 | N/C | D21 | V_{DD} | |
| AA25 | LPAGE1 | AF10 | N/C | R1 | N/C | D6 | V_{DD} | |
| AB25 | LRDY0 | AF24 | N/C | T24 | N/C | F23 | V_{DD} | |
| Y23 | LRDY1 | AF5 | N/C | Т3 | N/C | F4 | V_{DD} | |
| AC24 | LRW0 | AF6 | N/C | U1 | N/C | L23 | V_{DD} | |
| AB26 | LRW1 | B10 | N/C | U25 | N/C | L4 | V_{DD} | |
| U26 | LSTAT0 | B13 | N/C | V26 | N/C | T23 | V_{DD} | |
| T25 | LSTAT1 | B16 | N/C | W1 | N/C | T4 | V_{DD} | |
| T26 | LSTAT2 | B18 | N/C | W26 | N/C | A1 | V _{SS} | |
| R26 | LSTAT3 | B21 | N/C | Y24 | N/C | A2 | V _{SS} | |
| AC25 | LSTRB0 | B8 | N/C | AE24 | NMI | A26 | V _{SS} | |
| AB24 | LSTRB1 | C12 | N/C | AD7 | PAGE0 | B2 | V _{SS} | |
| A11 | N/C | C17 | N/C | AD4 | PAGE1 | B25 | V _{SS} | |
| A13 | N/C | C19 | N/C | W3 | RDY0 | B26 | V _{SS} | |
| A14 | N/C | C25 | N/C | V1 | RDY1 | C24 | V _{SS} | |
| A16 | N/C | C7 | N/C | AF9 | RESET | C3 | V _{SS} | |
| A23 | N/C | D1 | N/C | AE9 | RESETLOC0 | D14 | V _{SS} | |
| A3 | N/C | D12 | N/C | AD8 | RESETLOC1 | D19 | V _{SS} | |
| A5 | N/C | D13 | N/C | AF21 | ROMEN | D23 | V _{SS} | |
| A6 | N/C | D17 | N/C | AE8 | RW0 | D4 | V _{SS} | |
| A9 | N/C | D18 | N/C | AE5 | RW1 | D9 | V _{SS} | |
| AC14 | N/C | D20 | N/C | AD5 | STAT0 | H4 | V _{SS} | |
| AC17 | N/C | D24 | N/C | AE6 | STAT1 | J23 | V _{SS} | |
| AC19 | N/C | D3 | N/C | AD6 | STAT2 | L11 | V _{SS} † | |
| AC2 | N/C | D7 | N/C | AF7 | STAT3 | L12 | V _{SS} † | |
| AC22 | N/C | F1 | N/C | AC9 | STRB0 | L13 | V _{SS} [†] | |
| AC3 | N/C | F24 | N/C | AC5 | STRB1 | L14 | V _{SS} [†] | |
| L15 | V _{SS} † | N4 | V _{SS} | T11 | V_{SS}^{\dagger} | AD24 | V _{SS} | |

[†] Thermal connection

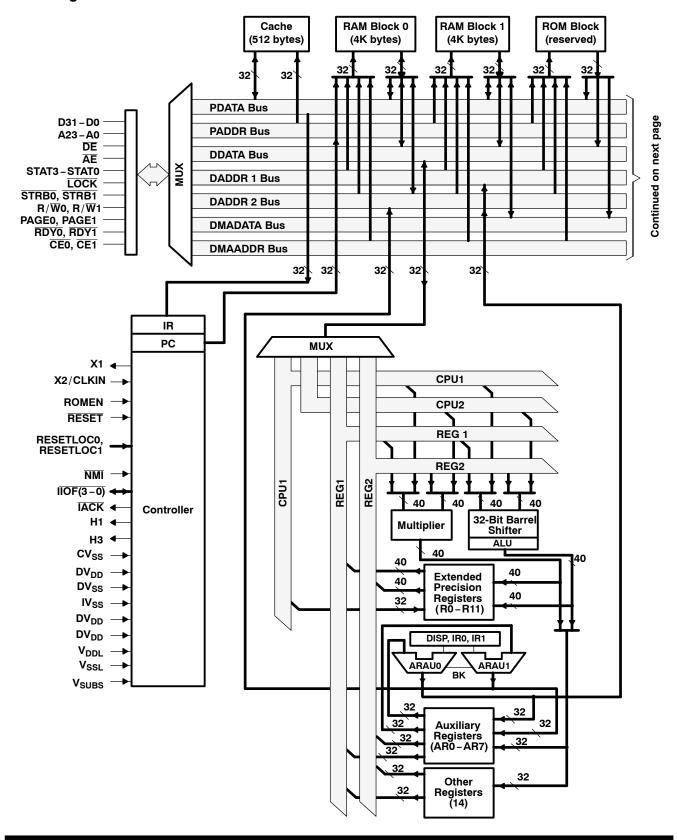


GFW Package Pin Assignments Alphabetical Listing by Ball Pin Function (Continued)

| | PIN | | PIN | F | PIN | ı | PIN |
|-----|--------------------|-----|------------------------------|------|------------------------------|------|--------------------|
| NO. | FUNCTION | NO. | FUNCTION | NO. | FUNCTION | NO. | FUNCTION |
| L16 | V_{SS}^{\dagger} | P11 | V_{SS}^{\dagger} | T12 | V_{SS}^{\dagger} | AE1 | V_{SS} |
| M11 | V_{SS}^{\dagger} | P12 | V_{SS}^{\dagger} | T13 | V _{SS} † | AE2 | V_{SS} |
| M12 | V_{SS}^{\dagger} | P13 | V_{SS}^{\dagger} | T14 | V _{SS} [†] | AE25 | V_{SS} |
| M13 | V_{SS}^{\dagger} | P14 | V_{SS}^{\dagger} | T15 | V _{SS} [†] | AF1 | V_{SS} |
| M14 | V_{SS}^{\dagger} | P15 | VSS [†] | T16 | V_{SS}^{\dagger} | AF25 | V_{SS} |
| M15 | V_{SS}^{\dagger} | P16 | V_{SS}^{\dagger} | V4 | V_{SS} | AF26 | V_{SS} |
| M16 | V_{SS}^{\dagger} | P23 | V_{SS} | W23 | V_{SS} | E2 | V(_{SUB)} |
| N11 | V_{SS}^{\dagger} | R11 | V_{SS}^{\dagger} | AC4 | V_{SS} | P24 | X1 |
| N12 | V_{SS}^{\dagger} | R12 | V_{SS}^{\dagger} | AC8 | V_{SS} | M25 | X2CLKIN |
| N13 | V_{SS}^{\dagger} | R13 | V_{SS}^{\dagger} | AC13 | V_{SS} | | |
| N14 | V_{SS}^{\dagger} | R14 | V_{SS}^{\dagger} | AC18 | V_{SS} | | |
| N15 | V _{SS} † | R15 | V _{SS} [†] | AC23 | V _{SS} | | |
| N16 | V _{SS} † | R16 | V _{SS} † | AD3 | V _{SS} | | |

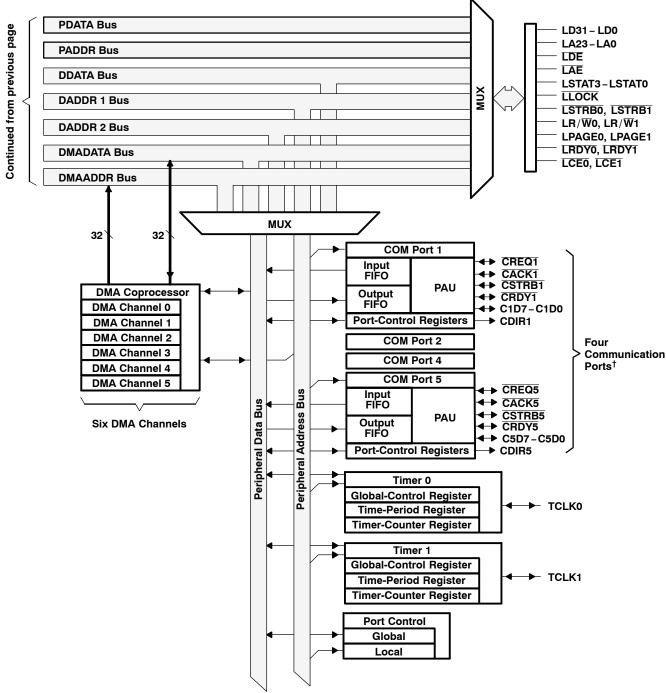
[†] Thermal connection

block diagram





block diagram (continued)



[†] Communication ports 0 and 3 are not connected.

memory map

Figure 1 shows the memory map for the C44. Refer to the *TMS320C4x User's Guide* (literature number SPRU063) for a detailed description of this memory mapping.

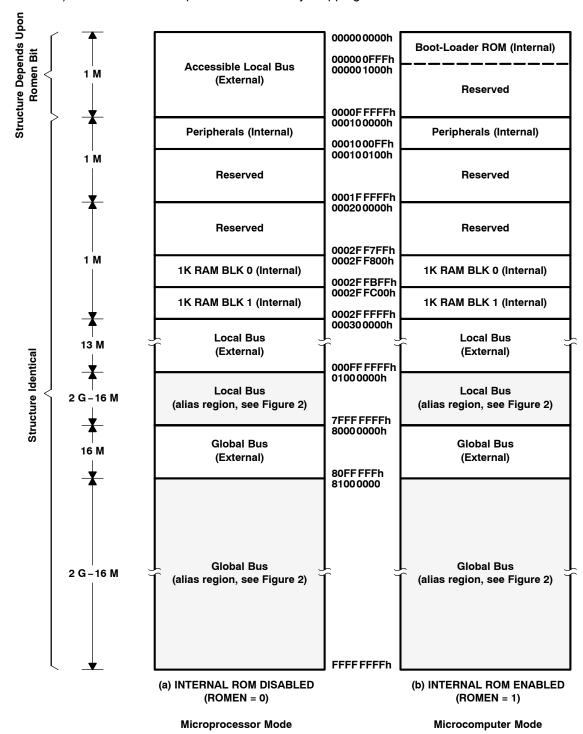


Figure 1. Memory Map for TMS320C44



memory aliasing

The C44 offers global and local addresses of A0-A23 and LA0-LA23, giving an external address reach of (2 buses) \times (2²⁴) = 2²⁵ words. Since the internal address span of the C44 is 2³² words, reading or writing to memory outside of the base-address region causes memory aliasing. Figure 2 shows how the memory pages overlap each other.

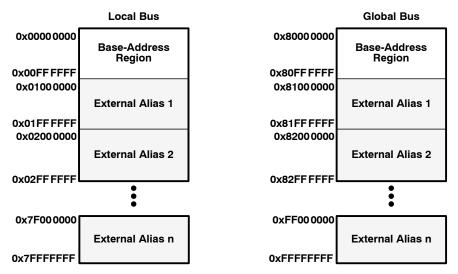


Figure 2. Memory Alias

central processing unit

The C44 CPU is configured for high-speed internal parallelism for the highest sustained performance. The key features of the CPU are:

- Eight operations/cycle:
 - 40-/32-bit floating-point/integer multiply
 - 40-/32-bit floating-point/integer ALU operation
 - Two data accesses
 - Two address-register updates
- Floating-point conversion
- Divide and square-root support
- C3x and C4x assembly-language compatibility
- Byte and halfword accessibility

DMA coprocessor

The DMA coprocessor allows concurrent I/O and CPU processing for the highest sustained CPU performance. The key features of the DMA coprocessor are:

- Link pointers to allow DMA channels to autoinitialize without CPU intervention
- Parallel CPU operation and DMA transfers
- Six DMA channels to support memory-to-memory data transfers
- Split-mode operation which doubles the available channels to twelve when data transfers to and from a communication port are required

communication ports

The C44 contains four identical high-speed communication ports, each of which provides a bidirectional-communication interface to other C4x devices and external peripherals. The key features of the communication ports are:

- Direct interprocessor communication and processor I/O
- 20M-byte/s bidirectional interface on each communication port for high-speed multiprocessor interface
- Port direction pin (CDIR) to ease interfacing
- Separate input and output 8-word-deep FIFO buffers for processor-to-processor communication and I/O
- Automatic arbitration and handshaking for direct processor-to-processor connection

communication-port direction pin

A port-direction pin (CDIR1, CDIR2, CDIR4, CDIR5) is available for each C44 communication port. When the communication port is in the output mode, CDIRx is driven low. When the communication port is in the input mode, CDIRx is driven high. The truth table for two C44 devices is shown in Table 1. Communication port 1 of CPUA is connected to communication port 4 of CPUB.

 CDIR1
 CDIR4
 DESCRIPTION

 0
 0
 Token error

 0
 1
 CPUA is configured to transmit to CPUB.

 1
 0
 CPUB is configured to transmit to CPUA.

 1
 1
 Token exchange overlap, if > 1H then token error

Table 1. Truth Table for Two C44 Devices

communication-port-software reset

The input and output FIFO levels for a communication port can be flushed by writing at least two back-to-back values to its communication-port software-reset address as specified in Table 2. This software reset flushes any word or byte already present in the FIFOs, but it does not affect the status of the communication-port pins.

Table 2. Communication-Port Software-Reset Address

| COMMUNICATION PORT | SOFTWARE-RESET ADDRESS |
|--------------------|------------------------|
| 1 | 0x0100053 |
| 2 | 0x0100063 |
| 4 | 0x0100083 |
| 5 | 0x0100093 |



communication-port-software reset (continued)

When used in conjunction with the communication-port direction pins and NMI bus-grant, an effective method of error detection and correction can be achieved. A subroutine showing how to reset communication port 1 is given in Figure 3.

```
; RESET1:Flushes FIFOs data for communication port 1;
; ----;
                    ; Save registers
RESET1 push AR0
     push R0
     push RC
     ldhi 010h,ARO ; Set ARO to base address of COM 1
     or 050h,AR0
         1
                     ; Flush FIFO data with back-to-back write
FLUSH: rpts
     sti R0,*+AR0(3);
     rpts 10
                   ; Wait
     nop
          *+ARO(0),RO ; Check for new data from other port
     ldi
          01FE0h,R0 ;
     and
     bnz
          FLUSH
     pop
          RC
                     ; Restore registers
     pop
          R0
          ARO
     pop
     rets
                     ; Return
```

Figure 3. Example of Communication-Port-Software Reset

NMI with bus-grant feature

The C44 devices have a software-configurable feature that allows forcing the internal-peripheral bus ready when the $\overline{\text{NMI}}$ signal is asserted. The $\overline{\text{NMI}}$ bus-grant feature is enabled when bits 19 and 18 of the status register (ST) are set to 10b. When enabled, a peripheral bus-grant signal is generated on the falling edge of $\overline{\text{NMI}}$. If $\overline{\text{NMI}}$ is asserted and this feature is not enabled, the CPU stalls on access to the peripheral bus if it is not ready. A stall condition occurs when writing to a full output FIFO or reading an empty input FIFO. This feature is useful in correcting communication-port errors when used in conjunction with the communication-port software-reset feature.

IDLE2 clock-stop power-down mode

The C44 has a clock-stop mode, or power-down mode (IDLE2) to achieve extremely low power consumption. When an IDLE2 instruction is executed, the clocks are halted with H1 held high. (Exiting IDLE2 requires asserting one of the $\overline{\text{IIOF3}}$ – $\overline{\text{IIOF0}}$ pins configured as an external interrupt.) A macro showing how to generate the IDLE2 opcode is given in Figure 4. During this power-down mode:

- No instructions are executed.
- The CPU, peripherals, and internal memory retain their previous state.
- The external-bus outputs are idle. The address lines remain in their previous state; the data lines are in the high-impedance state; and the output-control signals are inactive.

IDLE2 clock-stop power-down mode (continued)

```
; IDLE2: Macro to generate idle2 opcode
; ------
IDLE2 .macro
.word 06000001h
.endm
```

Figure 4. Example Software Subroutine Using IDLE2

IDLE2 is exited when one of the five external interrupts (NMI and IIOF3 – IIOF0) is asserted low for at least four input clocks (two H1 cycles). The clocks then start after a delay of two input clocks (one H1 cycle). The clocks can start in the opposite phase; that is, H1 can be high when H3 was high before the clocks were stopped. However, the H1 and H3 clocks remain 180 degrees out of phase with each other.

During IDLE2 operation, an external interrupt can be recognized and serviced by the CPU if it is enabled before entering IDLE2 and asserted for at least two H1 cycles. For the processor to recognize only one interrupt, the interrupt pin must be configured for edge-trigger mode or asserted less than three cycles in level-trigger mode. Any external interrupt pin can wake up the device from IDLE2, but for the CPU to recognize that interrupt, it must also be enabled. If an interrupt is recognized and executed by the CPU, the instruction following the IDLE2 instruction is not executed until after a return opcode is executed.

When the device is in emulation mode, the CPU executes an IDLE2 instruction as if it were an IDLE instruction. The clocks continue to run for correct operation of the emulator.

boot-loader mode selection

Table 3. Boot-Loader Mode Selection Using Pins IIOF3 – IIOF0

| | EXTER | NAL PIN | | COURSE PROCESS LOCATION |
|-------|-------|---------|-------|--|
| IIOF3 | IIOF2 | IIOF1 | IIOF0 | SOURCE PROGRAM LOCATION |
| 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | Load source program from address 0030 0000h |
| 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | Load source program from address 4000 0000h (see Note 1) |
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | Load source program from address 80 0000h |
| 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | Load source program from address 8000 0000h (see Note 2) |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | Load source program from address 8040 0000h (see Note 3) |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | Load source program from address 8080 0000h (see Note 4) |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | Reserved (boot-loader program terminates) |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | Load source program from communication port |

NOTES: 1. This selection cause the C44 to drive 0 in the 24 external local address pins and activates the LSTRB0 signal.

- 2. This selection cause the C44 to drive 0 in the 24 external global address pins ando activates the STRB0 signal.
- 3. This selection cause the C44 to drive 0x40 0000 in the 24 external global address pins and activates the STRB0 signal.
- 4. This selection cause the C44 to drive 0x80 0000 in the 24 external global address pins and to activate the STRBO signal.



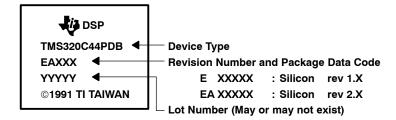
development tools

A key aspect to a parallel-processing implementation is the development tools available. The C44 is supported by a host of parallel-processing tools for developing and simulating code easily and for debugging parallel-processing systems. The code-generation tools include:

- An optimizing ANSI C compiler with a runtime-support library that supports use of communication ports and DMA
- Third party support for C, C++, and Ada compilers
- Several operating systems available for parallel-processing support as well as DMA and communication-port drivers
- Assembler and linker with support for mapping program and data to parallel processors

The simulation tools include a TI software-simulator with a high-level-language debugger interface for simulating a single processor. The hardware development and verification tools consist of the XDS510[™] (parallel-processor in-circuit emulator and high-level-language debugger).

silicon revision identification



silicon revision identification (continued)

Table 4. Device Descriptions

| DEVICE PART NUMBER | VOLTAGE | OPERATING FREQUENCY | COMM PORTS | PACKAGE |
|--------------------|---------|---------------------|---------------|--|
| TMS320C40GFL | 5 V | 50 MHz/40 ns | 6 | 325-pin ceramic PGA |
| TMS320C40GFL60 | 5 V | 60 MHz/33 ns | 6 | 325-pin ceramic PGA |
| TMS320C44PDB50 | 5 V | 50 MHz/40 ns | 4 | 304-pin PQFP |
| TMS320C44PDB60 | 5 V | 60 MHz/33 ns | 4 | 304-pin PQFP |
| TMS320C44GFW | 5 V | 50 MHz/40 ns | 4 | 388-pad ball grid array |
| TMS320C44GFW60 | 5 V | 60 MHz/33 ns | 4 | 388-pad ball grid array |
| TMS320C44GFWA | 5 V | 50 MHz/40 ns | 4 | 388-pad ball grid array (industrial temp.) |
| SMJ320C40GFM40 | 5 V | 40 MHz/50 ns | 6 | 325-pin ceramic PGA |
| SMJ320C40GFM50 | 5 V | 50 MHz/40 ns | 6 | 325-pin ceramic PGA |
| SMJ320C40HFHM40 | 5 V | 40 MHz/50 ns | 6 | 352-lead ceramic PGA |
| SMJ320C40HFHM50 | 5 V | 50 MHz/40 ns | 6 | 352-lead ceramic PGA |
| SMJ320C40TAM40 | 5 V | 40 MHz/50 ns | 6 | 324 pad TAB tape (encapsulated) |
| SMJ320C40TBM40 | 5 V | 40 MHz/50 ns | 6 | 324 pad TAB tape (bare die) |
| TMS320C40TAL50 | 5 V | 50 MHz/40 ns | 6 | 324 pad TAB tape (encapsulated) |
| SMJ320C40TAM50 | 5 V | 50 MHz/40 ns | 6 | 324 pad TAB tape (encapsulated) |
| SMJ320C40TBM50 | 5 V | 50 MHz/40 ns | 6 | 324 pad TAB tape (bare die) |
| TMS320C40TAL60 | 5 V | 60 MHz/33 ns | 6 | 324 pad TAB tape (encapsulated) |
| SMJ320C40KGDM40 | 5 V | 40 MHz/50 ns | 6 | Known good die |
| SMJ320C40KGDM50 | 5 V | 50 MHz/40 ns | 6 | Known good die |
| TMS320C40KGDL50 | 5 V | 50 MHz/40 ns | 6 | Known good die |
| TMS320C40KGDL60 | 5 V | 60 MHz/33 ns | 6 | Known good die |

absolute maximum ratings over specified temperature range (unless otherwise noted)[†]

| Supply voltage range, V _{DD} (see Note 5) | - 0.3 V to 7 \ |
|---|----------------|
| Input voltage range | - 0.3 V to 7 \ |
| Output voltage range | - 0.3 V to 7 \ |
| Operating case temperature range, $T_{C:}$ (PDB and GFW commercial temperature parts) | |
| (GFWA industrial temperature parts) [‡] – | 40°C to 115°C |
| Storage temperature range, T _{stg} – 5 | 55°C to 150°C |

recommended operating conditions

| | | | MIN | NOM§ | MAX | UNIT | |
|-----------------|---|--------------------------|-------|------|-----------------------|------|--|
| V_{DD} | Supply voltage (DDV _{DD} , etc.) | | 4.75 | 5 | 5.25 | V | |
| | / _{IH} High-level input voltage | X2 / CLKIN | 2.6 | | V _{DD} + 0.3 | | |
| V_{IH} | | CSTRB and CRDY pins | 2.4 | | V _{DD} + 0.3 | V | |
| | | All other pins | 2 | | V _{DD} + 0.3 | | |
| V_{IL} | Low-level input voltage | | - 0.3 | | 0.8 | ٧ | |
| I _{OH} | High-level output current | | | | - 300 | μΑ | |
| I _{OL} | Low-level output current | | | | 2 | mA | |
| _ | | PDB and GFW (commercial) | 0 | | 85 | 00 | |
| T _C | Operating case temperature | GFWA (industrial) | - 40 | | 115 | •C | |

[§] All typical values are at V_{DD} = 5 V, T_A (air temperature)= 25°C.

electrical characteristics over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating case temperature (unless otherwise noted)

| | PARA | AMETER | TEST CONDITIO | MIN | TYP# | MAX | UNIT | |
|-----------------|----------------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|------------------|------|-----|------|----|
| V _{OH} | High-level output | voltage | $V_{DD} = MIN, I_{OH} = MAX$ | | 2.4 | 3 | | V |
| V_{OL} | Low-level output v | voltage | $V_{DD} = MIN, I_{OL} = MAX$ | | | 0.3 | 0.6 | V |
| IZ | High-impedance o | current | V _{DD} = MAX | | -20 | | 20 | μА |
| | | X2/CLKIN only | | -30 | | 30 | | |
| I _I | Input current | Inputs with internal pullups (see Note 6) | $V_{I} = V_{SS}$ to V_{DD} | | -400 | | 20 | μΑ |
| | | All others | | | -10 | | 10 | |
| Icc | Supply current | | $T_A = 25$ °C, $V_{DD} = MAX$, | C44-40 C44-50 | | 350 | 850 | mA |
| | | | f _x = MAX (see Note 7) | C44-60 | | 350 | 950 | |
| C _I | C _I Input capacitance | | | | | | 15 | pF |
| Co | Output capacitano | ce | | | | | 15 | pF |

[¶] For conditions shown as MIN/MAX, use the appropriate value specified under recommended operating conditions.



[†] Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

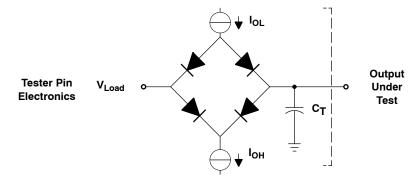
[‡] Assuming C44 nominal power consumption (350 mA) and given the C44 thermal characteristics, the maximum T_C corresponds to 85°C NOTE 5: All voltage values are with respect to VSS.

[#] All typical values are at V_{DD} = 3.3 V, T_A (air temperature) = 25°C.

NOTES: 6. Pins with internal pullup devices: TDI, TCK, TMS. Pin with internal pulldown device: TRST.

^{7.} f_x is the input clock frequency. The maximum value (max) for the C44-40, C44-50, and C44-60 is 40, 50 and 60 MHz, respectively.

PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION



Where: I_{OL} = 2 mA (all outputs) I_{OH} = 300 μ A (all outputs)

 $V_{LOAD} = 2.15 V$

C_T = 80 pF typical load-circuit capacitance

Figure 5. Test Load Circuit

signal transition levels

TTL-level outputs are driven to a minimum logic-high level of 2.4 V and to a maximum logic-low level of 0.6 V. Output transition times are specified as follows:

- For a low-to-high transition, the level at which the output is said to be no longer low is 1 V and the level at which the output is said to be high is 2 V.
- For a high-to-low transition on a TTL-compatible output signal, the level at which the output is said to be no longer high is 2 V and the level at which the output is said to be low is 1 V.

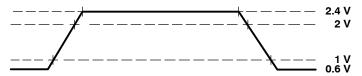


Figure 6. TTL-Level Outputs

Transition times for TTL-compatible inputs are specified as follows:

- For a low-to-high transition on an input signal, the level at which the input is said to be no longer low is 0.92 V (10%) and the level at which the input is said to be high is 1.88 V (90%).
- For a high-to-low transition on an input signal, the level at which the input is said to be no longer high is 1.88 V (90%) and the level at which the input is said to be low is 0.92 V (10%).

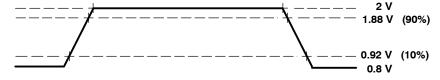


Figure 7. TTL-Level Inputs



PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

timing parameter symbology

Timing parameter symbols used herein were created in accordance with JEDEC Standard 100. In order to shorten the symbols, pin names that have both global and local applications are generally represented with (L) immediately preceding the basic signal name (for example, (L)RDY represents both the global term RDY and local term LRDY). Other pin names and related terminology have been abbreviated as follows, unless otherwise noted:

| Α | (L)A23-(L)A0 or (L)Ax | IACK | IACK |
|---------|--|-------|---|
| AE | (L)AE | IF | IIOF(3−0) or IIOFx |
| ASYNCH | Asynchronous reset signals in the high-impedance state | IIOF | IIOF(3-0) or IIOFx |
| BYTE | Byte transfer | LOCK | (L)LOCK |
| CA | $\overline{CACK(1,2,4,5)}$ or \overline{CACKx} | Р | $t_{C(H)}$ |
| CD | C(1,2,4,5)D7 - C(1,2,4,5)D0 or CxDx | PAGE | (L)PAGE0 and (L)PAGE1 or (L)PAGEx |
| CDIR | CDIR(1,2,4,5) or CDIRx | RDY | (L)RDY0, (L)RDY1, or (L)RDYx |
| CE | (L)CE0, (L)CE1, or (L)CEx | RESET | RESET |
| CI | CLKIN | RW | (L)R/ \overline{W} 0, (L)R/ \overline{W} 1, or (L)R/ \overline{W} x |
| COMM | Asynchronous reset signals | S | (L)STRB0, (L)STRB1, or (L)STRBx |
| CONTROL | Control signals | ST | (L)STAT3-(L)STAT0 or (L)STATx |
| CRQ | CREQ(1,2,4,5) or CREQx | TCK | TCK |
| CRDY | CRDY(1,2,4,5) or CRDYx | TCLK | TCLK0, TCLK1, or TCLKx |
| CS | CSTRB(1,2,4,5) or CSTRBx | TDO | TDO |
| D | (L)D31 – (L)D0 or (L)Dx | TMS | TMS/TDI |
| DE | (L)DE | WORD | 32-bit word transfer |
| Н | H1, H3 | | |

timing for X2/CLKIN, H1, H3 (see Figure 8 and Figure 9)

| | | | TMS320 | C44-50 | TMS320 | C44-60 | |
|-----|-----------------------|---|-----------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|------|
| NO. | | | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX | UNIT |
| 1 | t _{f(CI)} | Fall time, CLKIN | | 5 | | 5 | ns |
| 2 | t _{w(CIL)} | Pulse duration, CLKIN low, $t_{c(CI)} = MIN$ | 7 | | 5 | | ns |
| 3 | t _{w(CIH)} | Pulse duration, CLKIN high, t _{c(CI)} = MIN | 7 | | 5 | | ns |
| 4 | t _{r(CI)} | Rise time, CLKIN | | 5 | | 5 | ns |
| 5 | t _{c(CI)} | Cycle time, CLKIN | 20 | 242.5 | 16.67 | 242.5 | ns |
| 6 | t _{f(H)} | Fall time, H1 and H3 | | 3 | | 3 | ns |
| 7 | t _{w(HL)} | Pulse duration, H1 and H3 low | t _{c(CI)} -6 | t _{c(CI)} + 6 | t _{c(CI)} -6 | t _{c(CI)} +6 | ns |
| 8 | t _{w(HH)} | Pulse duration, H1 and H3 high | t _{c(CI)} -6 | t _{c(CI)} +6 | | t _{c(CI)} +6 | ns |
| 9 | t _{r(H)} | Rise time, H1 and H3 | | 4 | | 4 | ns |
| 9.1 | t _{d(HL-HH)} | Delay time from H1 low to H3 high or from H3 low to H1 high | -1 | 4 | -1 | 4 | ns |
| 10 | t _{c(H)} | Cycle time, H1 and H3 [†] | 40 | 485 | 33.3 | 485 | ns |

[†] Maximum cycle time is not limited during IDLE2 operation.

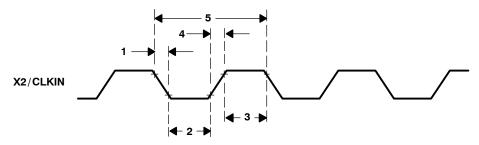


Figure 8. X2/CLKIN Timing

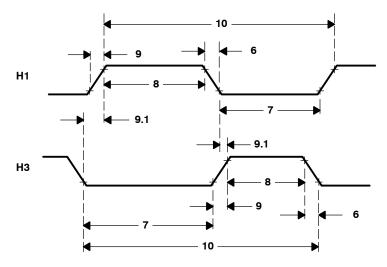


Figure 9. H1 and H3 Timings

memory-read-cycle and memory-write-cycle timing $\overline{(L)STRBx} = 0$] (see Note 8, Figure 10, and Figure 11)

| | | | TMS320C44-50 | | TMS320C44-60 | | |
|-----|--------------------------|---|-----------------|-----|--------------|-----|------|
| NO. | | | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX | UNIT |
| 1 | t _{d(H1L-SL)} | Delay time, H1 low to (L)STRBx low | 0 | 9 | 0 | 8 | ns |
| 2 | t _{d(H1L-SH)} | Delay time, H1 low to (L)STRBx high | 0 | 9 | 0 | 8 | ns |
| 3 | t _{d(H1H-RWL)} | Delay time, H1 high to (L)R/ $\overline{W}x$ low | 0 | 9 | 0 | 8 | ns |
| 4 | t _{d(H1L-} A) | Delay time, H1 low to (L)Ax valid | 0 | 9 | 0 | 8 | ns |
| 5 | t _{su(D-H1L)R} | Setup time, (L)Dx valid before H1 low (read) | 10 | | 9 | | ns |
| 6 | t _{h(H1L-D)R} | Hold time, (L)Dx after H1 low (read) | 0 | | 0 | | ns |
| 7 | t _{su(RDY-H1L)} | Setup time, (L)RDYx valid before H1 low | 20 [†] | | 18 | | ns |
| 8 | t _{h(H1L-RDY)} | Hold time, (L)RDYx after H1 low | 0 | | 0 | | ns |
| 8.1 | t _{d(H1L-ST)} | Delay time, H1 low to (L)STAT3 - (L)STAT0 valid | | 8 | | 8 | ns |
| 9 | t _{d(H1H-RWH)W} | Delay time, H1 high to (L)R/ $\overline{W}x$ high (write) | 0 | 9 | 0 | 8 | ns |
| 10 | t _{v(H1L-D)W} | Valid time, (L)Dx after H1 low (write) | | 16 | | 13 | ns |
| 11 | t _{h(H1H-D)W} | Hold time, (L)Dx after H1 high (write) | 0 | | 0 | | ns |
| 12 | t _{d(H1H-A)} | Delay time, H1 high to address valid on back-to-back write cycles | | 9 | | 8 | ns |

[†] If this setup time is not met, the read/write operation is not assured.

NOTE 8: For consecutive reads, (L)R/ $\overline{W}x$ stays high and $\overline{(L)STRBx}$ stays low.

memory-read-cycle and memory-write-cycle timing $[\overline{(L)STRBx} = 0]$ (continued)

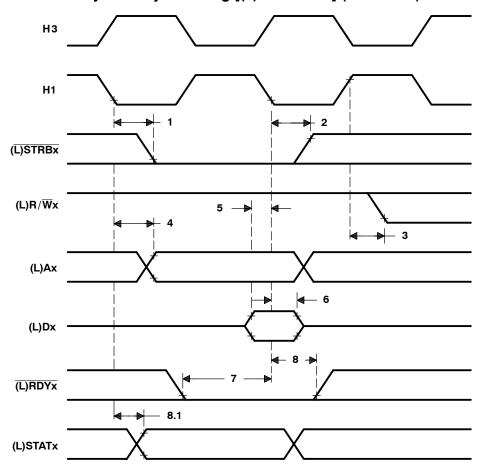


Figure 10. Memory-Read-Cycle Timing $[(\overline{L})STRBx = 0]$

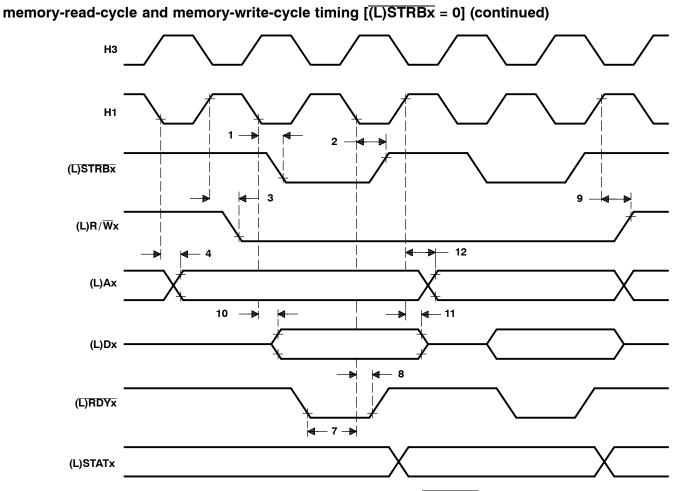


Figure 11. Memory-Write-Cycle Timing [(L)STRBx = 0]

$\overline{(L)DE}$ -, $\overline{(L)AE}$ -, and $\overline{(L)CEx}$ -enable timing (see Figure 12)

| | | | TMS320C44-50 | | TMS320C44-60 | | |
|-----|----------------------------|--|--------------|-----|--------------|-----|------|
| NO. | | | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX | UNIT |
| 1 | t _{d(DEH-DZ)} | Delay time, $\overline{\text{(L)DE}}$ high to (L)D0-(L)D31 in the high-impedance state | 0 | 15 | 0 | 15 | ns |
| 2 | t _{d(DEL-DV)} | Delay time, (L)DE low to (L)D0-(L)D31 valid | 0 | 21 | 0 | 16 | ns |
| 3 | t _{d(AEH-AZ)} | Delay time, $\overline{\text{(L)AE}}$ high to $\text{(L)A0}-\text{(L)A23}$ in the high-impedance state | 0 | 15 | 0 | 15 | ns |
| 4 | t _{d(AEL-AV)} | Delay time, (L)AE low to (L)A0 – (L)A23 valid | 0 | 18 | 0 | 16 | ns |
| 5 | t _{d(CEH-RWZ)} | Delay time, $\overline{(L)CEx}$ high to $(L)R/\overline{W}0$, $(L)R/\overline{W}1$ in the high-impedance state | 0 | 15 | 0 | 15 | ns |
| 6 | t _{d(CEL-RWV)} | Delay time, $\overline{(L)CEx}$ low to $(L)R/\overline{W}0$, $(L)R/\overline{W}1$ valid | 0 | 21 | 0 | 16 | ns |
| 7 | t _{d(CEH-SZ)} | Delay time, $\overline{\text{(L)CEx}}$ high to $\overline{\text{(L)STRB0}}$, $\overline{\text{(L)STRB1}}$ in the high-impedance state | 0 | 15 | 0 | 15 | ns |
| 8 | t _{d(CEL-SV)} | Delay time, (L)CEx low to (L)STRB0, (L)STRB1 valid | 0 | 21 | 0 | 16 | ns |
| 9 | t _d (CEH-PAGEZ) | Delay time, $\overline{\text{(L)CEx}}$ high to (L)PAGE0, (L)PAGE1 in the high-impedance state | 0 | 15 | 0 | 15 | ns |
| 10 | t _{d(CEL-PAGEV)} | Delay time, (L)CEx low to (L)PAGE0, (L)PAGE1 valid | 0 | 21 | 0 | 16 | ns |

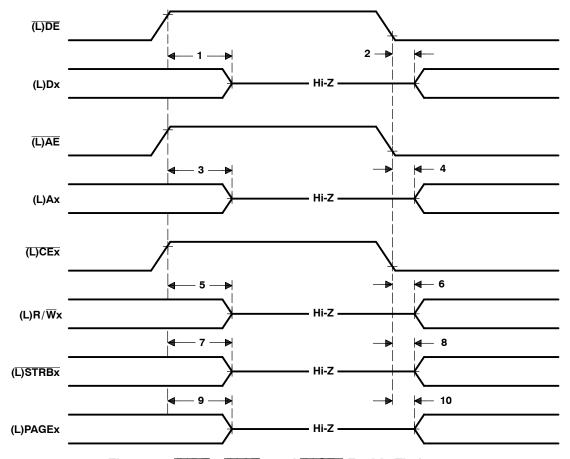


Figure 12. $\overline{(L)DE}$ -, $\overline{(L)AE}$ -, and $\overline{(L)CEx}$ -Enable Timing

timing for $(\overline{L})LOCK$ when executing LDFI or LDII (see Figure 13)

| NO. | | TMS320 | TMS320C44-50 | | TMS320C44-60 | |
|-----|---|--------|--------------|-----|--------------|------|
| | | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX | UNIT |
| 1 | $t_{d(H1L-LOCKL)}$ Delay time, H1 low to $\overline{(L)LOCK}$ low | | 8 | | 8 | ns |

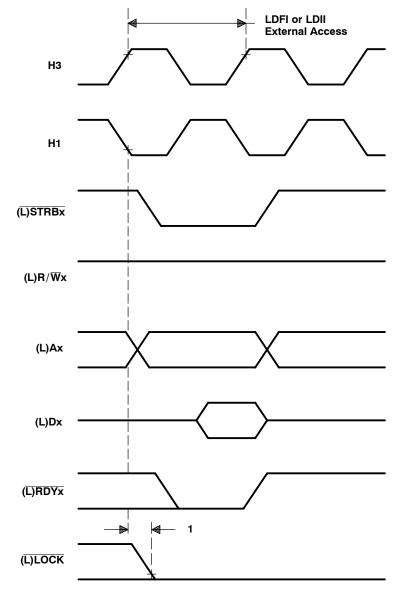


Figure 13. Timing for (L)LOCK When Executing LDFI or LDII

timing for (L)LOCK when executing STFI or STII (see Figure 14)

| | | TMS320 | TMS320C44-50 T | | TMS320C44-60 | |
|-----|--|--------|----------------|-----|--------------|------|
| NO. | | MIN | MIN MAX | MIN | MAX | UNIT |
| 1 | $t_{d(H1L-LOCKH)}$ Delay time, H1 low to $\overline{(L)LOCK}$ high | | 8 | | 8 | ns |

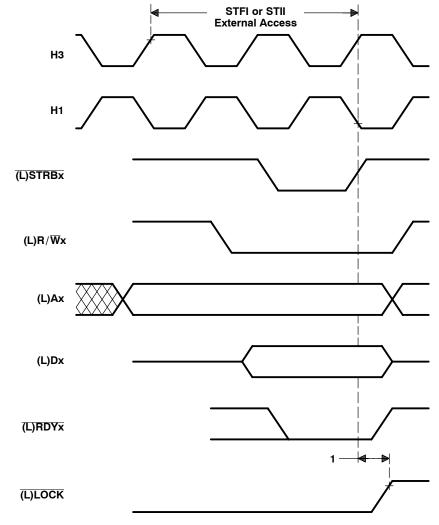


Figure 14. Timing for (L)LOCK When Executing STFI or STII

timing for $\overline{(L)LOCK}$ when executing SIGI (see Figure 15)

| | | | TMS320 | TMS320C44-50 | | TMS320C44-60 | |
|-----|---------------------------|------------------------------------|---------|--------------|-----|--------------|----|
| NO. | | | MIN MAX | MIN | MAX | UNIT | |
| 1 | t _{d(H1L-LOCKL)} | Delay time, H1 low to (L)LOCK low | | 8 | | 8 | ns |
| 2 | t _{d(H1L-LOCKH)} | Delay time, H1 low to (L)LOCK high | | 8 | | 8 | ns |

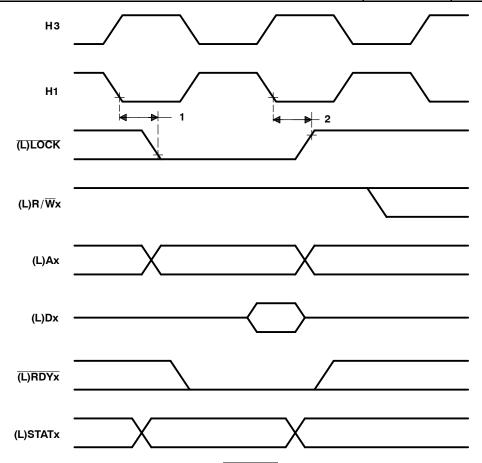


Figure 15. Timing for $\overline{\text{(L)LOCK}}$ When Executing SIGI

timing for (L)PAGE0, (L)PAGE1 during memory access to a different page (see Figure 16)

| | | | | TMS320C44-50 | | TMS320C44-60 | |
|-----|---------------------------|--|---------|--------------|-----|--------------|----|
| NO. | | | MIN MAX | MIN | MAX | UNIT | |
| 1 | t _{d(H1L-PAGEH)} | Delay time, H1 low to (L)PAGEx high for access to different page | 0 | 9 | 0 | 8 | ns |
| 2 | t _{d(H1L-PAGEL)} | Delay time, H1 low to (L)PAGEx low for access to different page | 0 | 9 | 0 | 8 | ns |

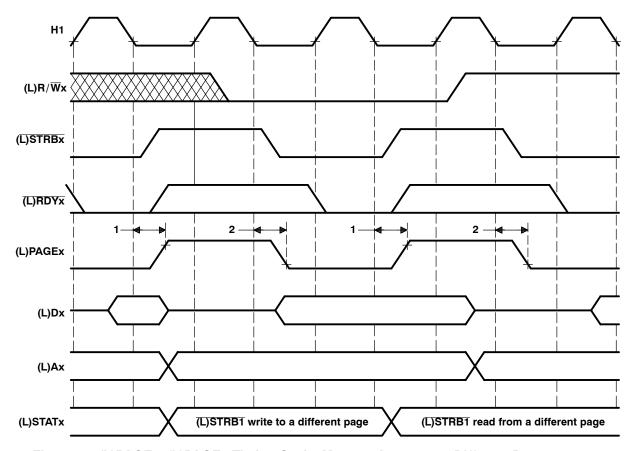


Figure 16. (L)PAGE0, (L)PAGE1 Timing Cycle, Memory Access to a Different Page

timing for the IIOFx when configured as an output (see Figure 17)

| | | TMS320 | C44-50 | TMS320 | C44-60 | |
|-----|---|--------|--------|--------|--------|------|
| NO. | | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX | UNIT |
| 1 | t _{v(H1L-IIOF)} H1 low to \overline{IIOFx} valid | | 14 | | 14 | ns |

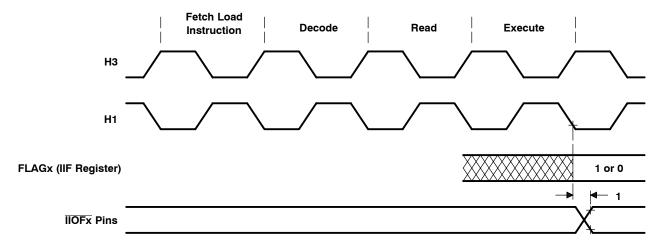


Figure 17. Timing for the IIOFx When Configured as an Output

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timing of IIOFx changing from output to input mode (see Figure 18)

| | | | TMS320C44-50 | | TMS320C44-60 | | |
|-----|---------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------|-----|--------------|------|----|
| NO. | | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX | UNIT | |
| 1 | t _{h(H1L-IIOF)} | Hold time, IIOFx after H1 low | | 14 | | 14 | ns |
| 2 | t _{su(IIOF-H1L)} | Setup time, IIOFx before H1 low | 11 | | 11 | | ns |
| 3 | t _{h(H1L-IIOF)} | Hold time, IIOFx after H1 low | 0 | | 0 | | ns |

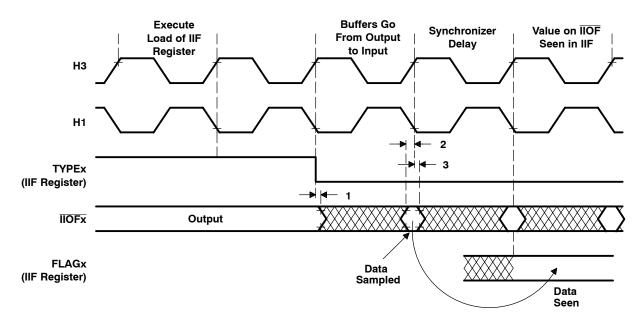


Figure 18. Change of IIOFx From Output to Input Mode

timing of IIOFx changing from input to output mode (see Figure 19)

| | | | TMS320C44-50 | | TMS320C44-60 | | | |
|---|-----|---|--------------|-----|--------------|-----|------|----|
| ľ | NO. | | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX | UNIT | |
| | 1 | t _{d(H1L-IFIO)} Delay time, H1 low to $\overline{\text{IIOFx}}$ switching from input to output | | | 14 | | 14 | ns |

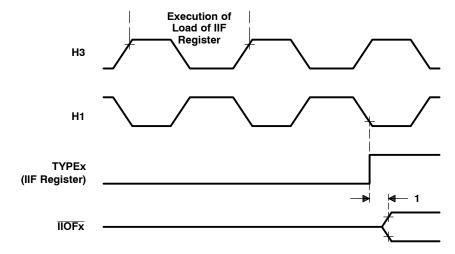
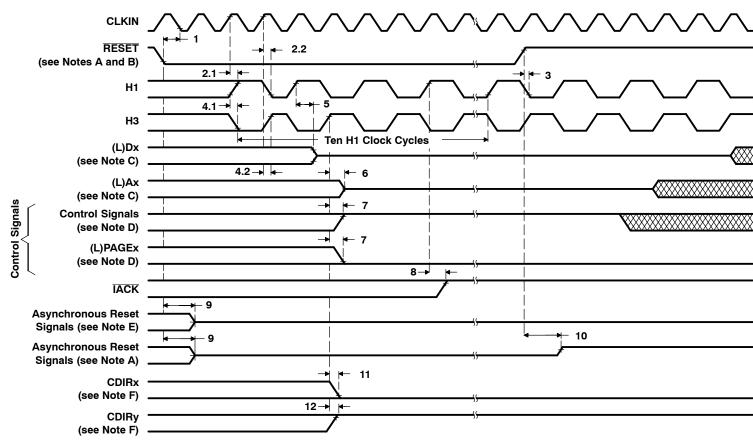


Figure 19. Change of IIOFx From Input to Output Mode

RESET timing (see Figure 20)

| | | | TMS320 | C44-50 | TMS320 | C44-60 | |
|-----|---------------------------------|---|--------|--------------------|--------|--------------------|------|
| NO. | | | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX | UNIT |
| 1 | t _{su(RESET-C1L)} | Setup time for RESET before CLKIN low | 11 | t _{c(CI)} | 11 | t _{c(CI)} | ns |
| 2.1 | t _{d(CIH-H1H)} | Delay time, CLKIN high to H1 high | 2 | 10 | 2 | 10 | ns |
| 2.2 | t _{d(CIH-H1L)} | Delay time, CLKIN high to H1 low | 2 | 10 | 2 | 10 | ns |
| 3 | t _{su(RESETH-H1L)} | Setup time for $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ high before H1 low and after ten H1 clock cycles | 13 | | 13 | | ns |
| 4.1 | t _{d(CIH-H3L)} | Delay time, CLKIN high to H3 low | 2 | 10 | 2 | 10 | ns |
| 4.2 | t _{d(CIH-H3H)} | Delay time, CLKIN high to H3 high | 2 | 10 | 2 | 10 | ns |
| 5 | t _{d(H1H-DZ)} | Delay time, H1 high to (L)Dx in the high-impedance state | | 13 | | 13 | ns |
| 6 | t _{d(H3H-AZ)} | Delay time, H3 high to (L)Ax in the high-impedance state | | 9 | | 9 | ns |
| 7 | t _d (H3H - CONTROLH) | Delay time, H3 high to control signals high [low for (L)PAGE] | | 9 | | 9 | ns |
| 8 | t _{d(H1H-IACKH)} | Delay time, H1 high to IACK high | | 9 | | 9 | ns |
| 9 | t _d (RESETL-ASYNCH) | Delay time, $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ low to asynchronous reset signals in the high-impedance state | | 21 | | 21 | ns |
| 10 | t _{d(RESETH-COMMH)} | Delay time, RESET high to asynchronous reset signals high | | 15 | | 15 | ns |
| 11 | t _{d(H1H-CDIRL)} | Delay time, | | 9 | | 9 | ns |
| 12 | t _{d(H1H-CDIRH)} | Delay time, | | 9 | | 9 | ns |

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- NOTES: A. Asynchronous reset signals that go to a high logic level after RESET returns to a high state include CREQV, CACKX, CSTRBX, and CRDYV (where x = 1 or 2 and y = 4 or 5).
 - B. RESET is an asynchronous input and can be asserted at any point during a clock cycle. If the specified timings are met, the exact sequence shown occurs; otherwise, an additional delay of one clock cycle can occur.
 - C. For this diagram, (L)Dx includes D31 D0, LD31 LD0, and CxD7 CxD0; (L)Ax includes LA(23 0) and A(23 0).
 - D. Control signals LSTRB0, LSTRB1, STRB0, STRB1, (L)STAT3 (L)STAT0, (L)LOCK, (L)R/W0, and (L)R/W1 go high while (L)PAGE0 and (L)PAGE1 go low.
 - E. Asynchronous reset signals that go into the high-impedance state after RESET goes low include TCLK0, TCLK1, IIOF3 IIOF0, and the communication-port control signals CREQx, CACKy, CSTRBy, and CRDYx (where x = 1 or 2, and y = 4 or 5). At reset, ports 1 and 2 become outputs, and ports 4 and 5 become inputs.
 - F. x = 1 or 2 and y = 4 or 5

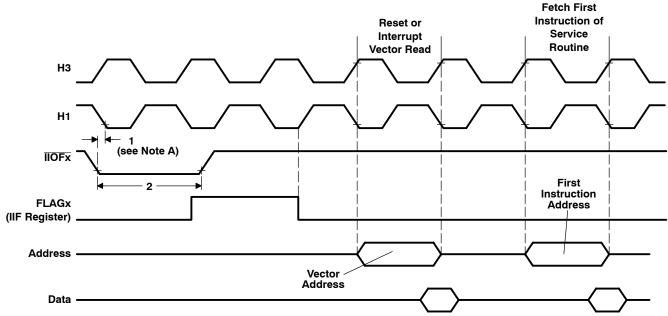
Figure 20. RESET Timing

timing for $\overline{\text{IIOFx}}$ interrupt response [P = $t_{c(H)}$] (see Notes 9 and 10 and Figure 21)

| | | | TMS320C44-50 | | | TMS320C44-60 | | | |
|-----|---------------------------|--|-----------------|-------|-----|-----------------|-------|-----|------|
| NO. | | | MIN | TYP | MAX | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNIT |
| 1 | t _{su(IIOF-H1L)} | Setup time, IIOFx before H1 low | 11 [†] | | | 11 [†] | | | ns |
| 2 | t _{w(INT)} | Pulse duration, to assure one interrupt seen (see Note 11) | Р | 1.5 P | 2 P | Р | 1.5 P | 2 P | ns |

[†] If this timing is not met, the interrupt is recognized in the next cycle.

- NOTES: 9. IIOFx is an asynchronous input and can be asserted at any point during a clock cycle. If the specified timings are met, the exact sequence shown occurs; otherwise, an additional delay of one clock cycle can occur.
 - 10. Edge-triggered interrupts require a setup of time (1) and a minimum duration of P. No maximum duration limit exists.
 - 11. Level-triggered interrupts require interrupt-pulse duration of at least 1 P wide (P = one H1 period) to ensure it will be seen. It must be ≤ to 2 P wide to ensure it will be responded to only once. Recommended pulse duration is 1.5 P.



NOTE A: The C44 can accept an interrupt from the same source every two H1 clock cycles.

Figure 21. \overline{IIOFx} Interrupt-Response Timing [P = $t_{c(H)}$]

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timing for IACK (see Note 12 and Figure 22)

| No. | | TMS320C44-50 | | TMS320C44-60 | | | |
|-----|-----------------------------|--|-----|--------------|-----|-----|------|
| NO. | | | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX | UNIT |
| 1 | t _{d(H1L-IACKL)} | Delay time, H1 low to IACK low | | 9 | | 7 | ns |
| 2 | t _{d(H1L - IACKH)} | Delay time, H1 low to $\overline{\text{IACK}}$ high during first cycle of IACK instruction data read | | 9 | | 7 | ns |

NOTE 12: The IACK output is active for the entire duration of the bus cycle and is, therefore, extended if the bus cycle utilizes wait states.

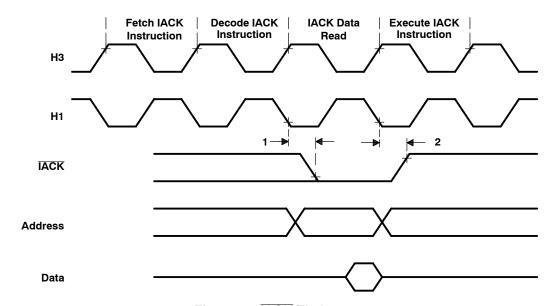


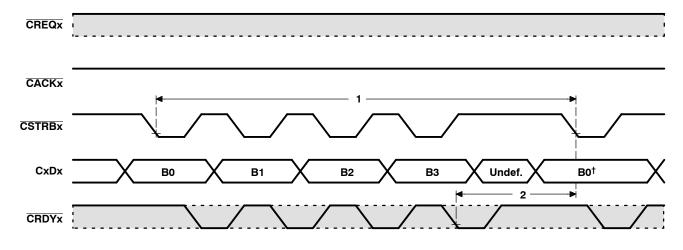
Figure 22. IACK Timing

communication-port word-transfer-cycle timing[†] [P = $t_{c(H)}$] (see Note 13 and Figure 23)

| NO | | | TMS32 | 0C44-50 | TMS32 | | |
|-----|-----------------------------|---|---------|------------|---------|-----------|------|
| NO. | • | | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX | UNIT |
| 1 | t _{c(WORD)} ‡ | Cycle time, word transfer (4 bytes = 1 word) | 1.5 P+7 | 2.5 P+170 | 1.5 P+7 | 2.5 P+170 | ns |
| 2 | t _{d(CRDYL-CSL)} W | Delay time, CRDYx low to CSTRBx low between back-to-back write cycles | 1.5 P+7 | 2.5 P + 28 | 1.5 P+7 | 2.5P+28 | ns |

[†] For these timing values, it is assumed that the C4x receiving data is ready to receive data. Line propagation delay is not considered.

NOTE 13: These timings apply only to two communicating C4xs. When a non-C4x device communicates with a C44, timings can be longer. No restriction exists in this case on how slow the transfer could be except when using early silicon (C40 PG 1.x or 2.x). Refer to the CSTRB width restriction section of the TMS320C4x User's Guide (literature number SPRU063).



= When signal is an input (clear = when signal is an output).

NOTE A: For correct operation during token exchange, the two communicating C4xs must have CLKIN frequencies within a factor of 2 of each other (in other words, at most, one of the C4xs can be twice as fast as the other).

Figure 23. Communication-Port Word-Transfer-Cycle Timing [P = t_{c(H)}]

^{*} t_{c(WORD)} max = 2.5 P + 28 ns + the maximum summed values of 4 × t_{d(CSL-CRDYL)R}, 3 × t_{d(CRDYL-CSH)}, 3 × t_{d(CRDYL-CSH)}, 3 × t_{d(CSH-CRDYH)R}, and 3 × t_{d(CRDYH-CSL)W} as seen in Figure 24. This timing assumes two C4xs are connected.

[†] Begins byte 0 of the next word.

communication-port byte-cycle timing (write and read) (see Note 14 and Figure 24)

| | | | TMS320 | C44-50 | TMS320C44-60 | | UNIT |
|-----|-----------------------------|---|--------|--------|--------------|-----|------|
| NO. | | | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX | UNII |
| 1 | t _{su(CD-CSL)W} | Setup time, CxDx valid before CSTRBx low (write) | 2 | | 2 | | ns |
| 2 | t _{d(CRDYL-CSH)W} | Delay time, CRDYx low to CSTRBx high (write) | 0 | 12 | 0 | 12 | ns |
| 3 | t _{h(CRDYL-CD)W} | Hold time, CxDx after CRDYx low (write) | 2 | | 2 | | ns |
| 4 | t _{d(CRDYH-CSL)W} | Delay time, $\overline{\text{CRDYx}}$ high to $\overline{\text{CSTRBx}}$ low for subsequent bytes (write) | 0 | 12 | 0 | 12 | ns |
| 5 | t _{c(BYTE)} † | Cycle time, byte transfer | | 44 | | 44 | ns |
| 6 | t _d (CSL-CRDYL)R | Delay time, CSTRBx low to CRDYx low (read) | 0 | 10 | 0 | 10 | ns |
| 7 | t _{su(CSL-CD)R} | Setup time, CxDx valid after CSTRBx low (read) | 0 | | 0 | | ns |
| 8 | t _{h(CRDYL-CD)R} | Hold time, CxDx valid after CRDYx low (read) | 2 | | 2 | | ns |
| 9 | t _{d(CSH-CRDYH)R} | Delay time, CSTRBx high to CRDYx high (read) | 0 | 10 | 0 | 10 | ns |

 $^{^{\}dagger}$ $t_{c(BYTE)}$ max = summed maximum values of $t_{d(CRDY-CSH)}$, $t_{d(CSL-CRDYL)R}$, $t_{d(CSH-CRDYH)R}$, and $t_{d(CRDYH-CSL)W}$. This assumes two C4xs are connected.

NOTE 14: Communication port timing does not include line length delay.

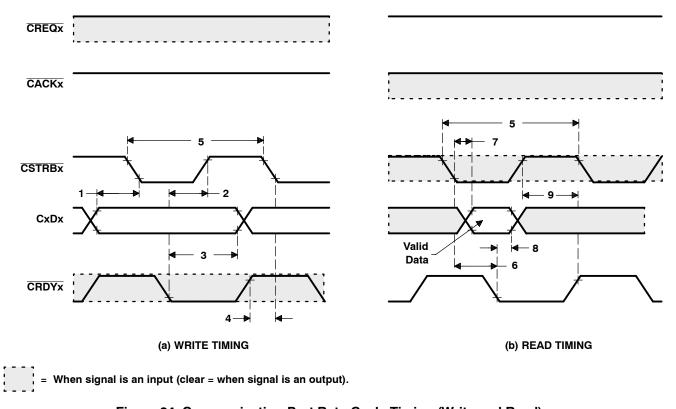
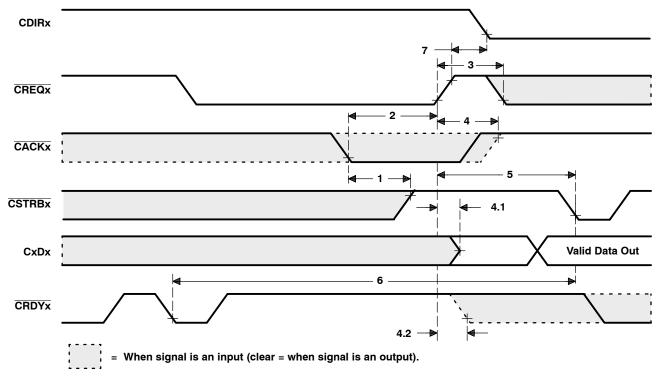


Figure 24. Communication-Port Byte-Cycle Timing (Write and Read)

timing for communication-token transfer sequence, input to an output port [P = $t_{c(H)}$] (see Figure 25)

| NO. | | | MIN | MAX | UNIT |
|-----|---|--|-----------|----------|------|
| 1 | t _{d(CAL-CS)} T [†] | Delay time, CACKx low to CSTRBx change from input to a high-level output | 0.5 P+ 6 | 1.5 P+22 | ns |
| 2 | t _{d(CAL-CRQH)} T [†] | Delay time, $\overline{\text{CACKx}}$ low to start of $\overline{\text{CREQx}}$ going high for token-request acknowledge | P + 5 | 2 P+22 | ns |
| 3 | t _{d(CRQH-CRQ)} T | Delay time, start of $\overline{\text{CREQx}}$ going high to $\overline{\text{CREQx}}$ change from output to an input | 0.5 P – 5 | 0.5 P+13 | ns |
| 4 | t _{d(CRQH-CA)} T | Delay time, start of $\overline{\text{CREQx}}$ going high to $\overline{\text{CACKx}}$ change from an input- to an output-level high | 0.5 P – 5 | 0.5 P+13 | ns |
| 4.1 | t _{d(CRQH-CD)} T | Delay time, start of $\overline{\text{CREQx}}$ going high to CxDx change from input-driven to output-driven | 0.5 P – 5 | 0.5 P+13 | ns |
| 4.2 | t _{d(CRQH-CRDY)} T | Delay time, start of $\overline{\text{CREQx}}$ going high to $\overline{\text{CRDYx}}$ change from an output to an input | 0.5 P – 5 | 0.5 P+13 | ns |
| 5 | t _{d(CRQH-CSL)} T | Delay time, start of CREQx going high to CSTRBx low for start of word-transfer out | 1.5 P – 8 | 1.5 P+9 | ns |
| 6 | t _{d(CRDYL-CSL)} T | Delay time, CRDYx low at end of word-input to CSTRBx low for word-output | 3.5 P+12 | 5.5 P+48 | ns |
| 7 | t _{d(CRQH-CDIRL)} | Delay time, CREQx high to CDIRx low, change from input to output | 0.5 P – 5 | 0.5 P+13 | ns |

[†] These timing parameters result from synchronizer delays and are referenced from the falling edge of H1. The inputs (that cause the output-signal pins to change values) are sampled on H1 falling. The minimum delay occurs when the input condition occurs just before H1 falling, and the maximum delay occurs when the input condition occurs just after H1 falling.



NOTE A: Before the token exchange, \overline{CREQx} and \overline{CRDYx} are output signals asserted by the C44 receiving data. \overline{CACKx} , \overline{CSTRBx} , and $\overline{CxD7}$ – $\overline{CxD0}$ are input signals asserted by the device sending data to the C44; these are asynchronous with respect to the H1 clock of the receiving C44. After token exchange, \overline{CACKx} , \overline{CSTRBx} , and $\overline{CxD7}$ – $\overline{CxD0}$ become output signals, and \overline{CREQx} and \overline{CRDYx} become inputs.

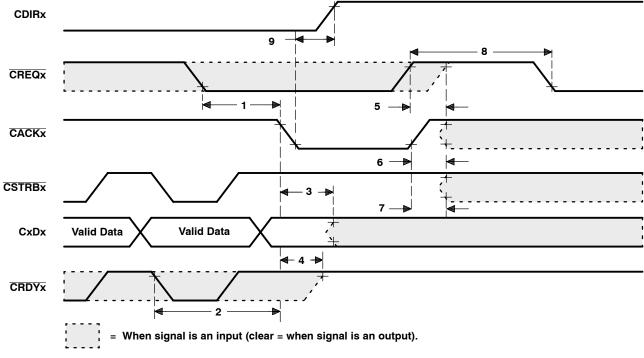
Figure 25. Communication-Token Transfer Sequence, Input to an Output Port $[P = t_{c(H)}]$



timing for communication-token transfer sequence, output to an input port $[P = t_{c(H)}]$ (see Figure 26)

| NO. | | | MIN | MAX | UNIT |
|-----|---|--|---------|----------|------|
| 1 | t _{d(CRQL-CAL)} T [†] | Delay time, CREQx low to start of CACKx going low for token-request-acknowledge | P+5 | 2 P+22 | ns |
| 2 | t _{d(CRDYL-CAL)T} † | Delay time, $\overline{\text{CRDYx}}$ low at end of word-transfer out to start of $\overline{\text{CACKx}}$ going low | P+6 | 2 P+27 | ns |
| 3 | t _{d(CAL-CD)I} | Delay time, start of CACKx going low to CxDx change from outputs to inputs | 0.5 P-8 | 0.5 P+8 | ns |
| 4 | t _{d(CAL-CRDY)} T | Delay time, start of $\overline{\text{CACKx}}$ going low to $\overline{\text{CRDYx}}$ change from an input to output, high level | 0.5 P-8 | 0.5 P+8 | ns |
| 5 | t _{d(CRQH-CRQ)T} † | Delay time, $\overline{\text{CREQx}}$ high to $\overline{\text{CREQx}}$ change from an input to output, high level | 4 | 22 | ns |
| 6 | t _{d(CRQH-CA)T} † | Delay time, CREQx high to CACKx change from output to an input | 4 | 22 | ns |
| 7 | t _{d(CRQH-CS)T} † | Delay time, CREQx high to CSTRBx change from output to an input | 4 | 22 | ns |
| 8 | t _{d(CRQH-CRQL)T} † | Delay time, CREQx high to CREQx low for the next token-request | P-4 | 2 P+8 | ns |
| 9 | t _{d(CAL-CDIRH)} | Delay time, CACKx low to CDIRx high, change from output to input | 0.5 P-8 | 0.5 P+10 | ns |

[†] These timing parameters result from synchronizer delays and are referenced from the falling edge of H1. The inputs (that cause the output-signal pins to change values) are sampled on H1 falling. The minimum delay occurs when the input condition occurs just before H1 falling, and the maximum delay occurs when the input condition occurs just after H1 falling.



NOTE A: Before the token exchange, CACKx, CSTRBx, and CxD7 - CxD0 are asserted by the C44 sending data. CREQx and CRDYx are input signals asserted by the C44 receiving data and are asynchronous with respect to the H1 clock of the sending C44. After token exchange, CREQx and CRDYx become outputs, and CSTRBx, CACKx, and CxD7 - CxD0 become inputs.

Figure 26. Communication-Token Transfer Sequence, Output to an Input Port [P = $t_{c(H)}$]



timer-pin timing (see Note 15 and Figure 27)

| NO. | | MIN | MAX | UNIT |
|-----|--|-----|-----|------|
| 1 | t _{su(TCLK-H1L)} Setup time, TCLKx before H1 low | 10 | | ns |
| 2 | t _{h(H1L-TCLK)} Hold time, TCLKx after H1 low | 0 | | ns |
| 3 | t _{d(H1H-TCLK)} Delay time, TCLKx valid after H1 high | | 13 | ns |

NOTE 15: Period and polarity are specified by contents of internal control registers.

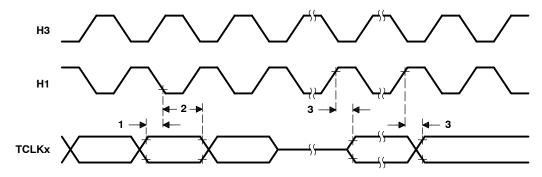


Figure 27. Timer-Pin Timing Cycle

timing for IEEE-1149.1 test access port (see Figure 28)

| | | | TMS320C44-50 | | TMS320C44-60 | | UNIT |
|-----|---------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------|-----|--------------|------|------|
| NO. | | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX | UNII | |
| 1 | t _{su(TMS-TCKH)} | Setup time, TMS/TDI to TCK high | 10 | | 10 | | ns |
| 2 | t _{h(TCKH-TMS)} | Hold time, TMS/TDI from TCK high | 5 | | 5 | | ns |
| 3 | t _{d(TCKL-TDOV)} | Delay time, TCK low to TDO valid | 0 | 15 | 0 | 12 | ns |

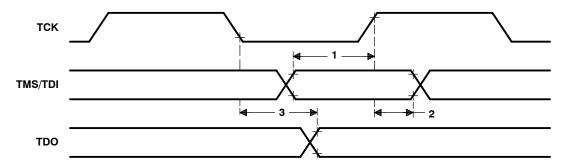
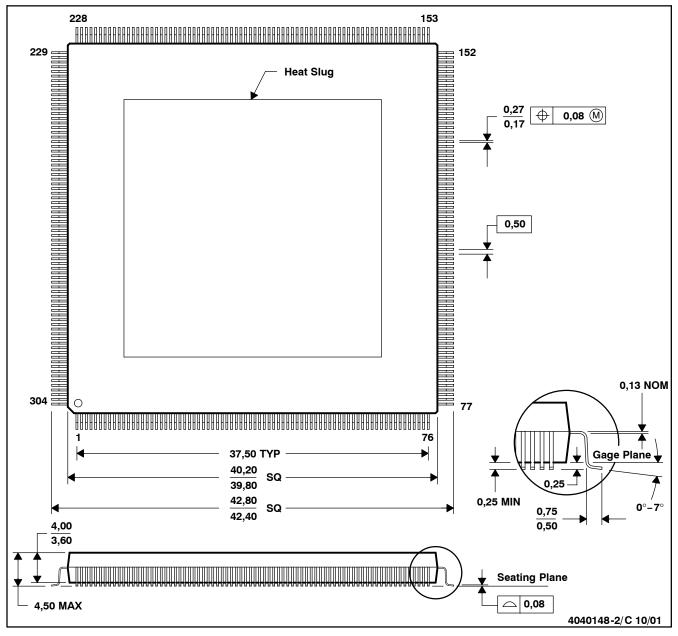


Figure 28. IEEE-1149.1 Test Access Port Timings

MECHANICAL DATA

PDB (S-PQFP-G304)

PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK (DIE DOWN)



- NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
 - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - C. Thermally enhanced molded plastic package with a heat slug (HSL)
 - D. Falls within JEDEC MO-143

Thermal Resistance Characteristics

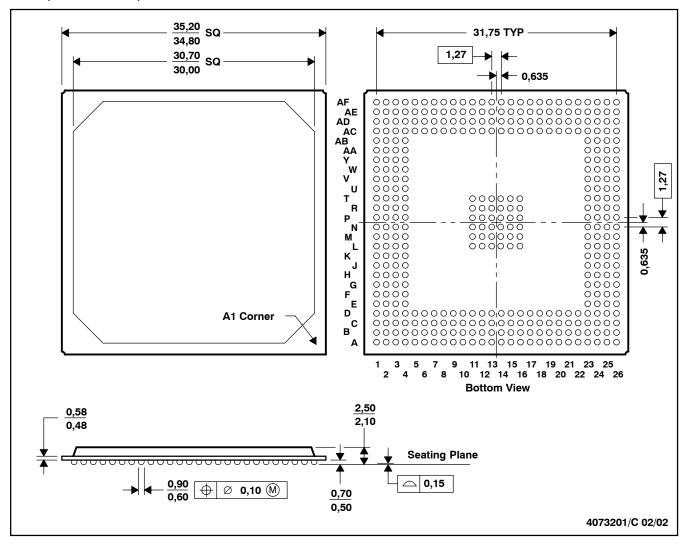
| Parameter | °C/W | Air Flow LFPM | | | |
|------------------|------|---------------|--|--|--|
| R⊖ _{JC} | 0.8 | N/A | | | |
| R⊖ _{JA} | 16 | 0 | | | |
| R⊖ _{JA} | 14.2 | 150 | | | |
| R⊖ _{JA} | 12.1 | 250 | | | |
| R⊖ _{JA} | 10 | 500 | | | |



MECHANICAL DATA

GFW (S-PBGA-N388)

PLASTIC BALL GRID ARRAY



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Falls within JEDEC MO-151

Thermal Resistance Characteristics

| Parameter | °C/W | Air Flow LFPM |
|------------------|------|---------------|
| R⊖ _{JC} | 3.7 | N/A |
| $R\Theta_{JA}$ | 18.5 | 0 |
| R⊖ _{JA} | 16.1 | 150 |
| $R\Theta_JA$ | 15 | 250 |
| R⊖ _{JA} | 13.4 | 500 |





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PACKAGING INFORMATION

| Orderable Device | Status | Package Type | Package | Pins | Package Qty | Eco Plan | Lead/Ball Finish | MSL Peak Temp | Samples |
|------------------|--------|--------------|---------|------|-------------|----------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|
| | (1) | | Drawing | | | (2) | | (3) | (Requires Login) |
| TMS320C44GFW50 | NRND | BGA | GFW | 388 | 24 | TBD | Call TI | Level-4-220C-72 HR | |
| TMS320C44GFW60 | NRND | BGA | GFW | 388 | 24 | TBD | Call TI | Level-4-220C-72 HR | |
| TMS320C44GFWA | NRND | BGA | GFW | 388 | 1 | TBD | Call TI | Level-4-220C-72 HR | |
| TMS320C44PDB50 | NRND | HQFP | PDB | 304 | | TBD | Call TI | Level-4-220C-72 HR | |
| TMS320C44PDB60 | NRND | HQFP | PDB | 304 | | TBD | Call TI | Call TI | |

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check http://www.ti.com/productcontent for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

TBD: The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

Pb-Free (RoHS): TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. **Pb-Free** (RoHS Exempt): This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between

the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compassible) as defined above.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

(3) MSL, Peak Temp. -- The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

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