

64K (8K x 8) NMOS UV EPROM - OTP ROM

- FAST ACCESS TIME: 180 ns.
- 0 TO + 70 °C STANDARD TEMPERATURE RANGE.
- - 40 to + 85 °C EXTENDED TEMPERATURE RANGE.
- SINGLE + 5V POWER SUPPLY.
- ± 10 % V_{CC} TOLERANCE AVAILABLE.
- LOW STANDBY CURRENT (35mA max).
- TTL COMPATIBLE DURING READ AND PROGRAM.
- FAST PROGRAMMING ALGORITHM.
- ELECTRONIC SIGNATURE.

FDIP-28 PDIP-28 (Ordering information at the end of the datasheet)

DESCRIPTION

The M2764A is a 65,536-bit ultraviolet erasable and electrically programmable read only memory (EPROM). It is organized as 8,192 words by 8 bits and manufactured using SGS-THOMSON' NMOS-E3 process.

It is housed in a 28 pin Window Ceramic Frit Seal package. The transparent lid allows the user to expose the chip to ultraviolet light to erase the bit pattern. A new pattern can then be written to the device by following the programming procedure.

In order to meet production requirements (cost effective solution, this product is also offered in a plastic DIL package).

PIN NAMES

A0-A12	ADDRESS INPUT
CE	CHIP ENABLE INPUT
ŌE	OUTPUT ENABLE INPUT
PGM	PROGRAM
N.C.	NO CONNECTION
00-07	DATA INPUT/OUTPUT

Figure 1: Pin connection

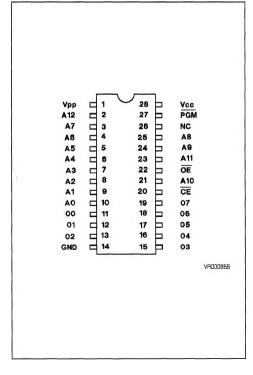
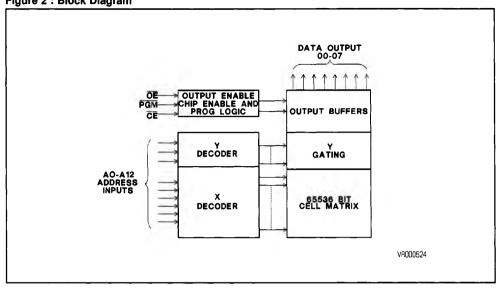


Figure 2: Block Diagram



Symbol	Parameters	Values	Units
Vı	All Input or Output voltages with respect to ground	+6.5 to -0.6	V
V _{PP}	Supply voltage with respect to ground	+14 to 0.6	V
T _{AMB}	Ambient temperature under bias /F1 /F6	-10 to +80 -50 to +95	, c
T _{STG}	Storage temperature range	-65 to +125	.c
VA9	Voltage on pin 24 with respect to ground	+13.5 to -0.6	V

NOTE: Stresses above those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

MODE	PINS								
MODE	CE	OE	A9	PGM	V _{PP}	Vcc	OUTPUTS		
READ	V _{IL}	VIL	Х	V _{IH}	Vcc	Vcc	Dout		
OUTPUT DISABLE	V _{IL}	V _{IH}	Х	VIH	Vcc	Vcc	HIGH Z		
STANDBY	V _{IH}	Х	X	Х	Vcc	Vcc	HIGH Z		
FAST PROGRAMMING	V _{IL}	ViH	Х	V _{IL}	VPP	Vcc	D _{IN}		
VERIFY	VIL	V _{IL}	Х	V _{IH}	VPP	Vcc	Dout		
PROGRAM INHIBIT	V _{IH}	Х	Х	Х	V _{PP}	Vcc	HIGH Z		
ELECTRONIC SIGNATURE	V _{IL}	VIL	V _H	V _{IH}	Vcc	Vcc	CODES		

NOTE : X can be V_{IH} or V_{IL} . V_{H} = 12V \pm 0.5V



READ OPERATION

DC AND AC CONDITIONS

SELECTION CODE	F1	F6
Operating Temperature Range	0°C to +70°C	-40°C to +85°C
SELECTION CODE (Example for 0°C to 70°C Oper. Temp. Range)	1F1, 2F1, F1 3F1, 4F1	18F1, 20F1, 25F1 30F1, 45F1
V _{CC} Power Supply (1)	5V ± 5%	5V ± 10%

DC AND OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS

Sumbal	Parameter	Test Condition			Unit	
Symbol	Parameter	rest Condition	Min	Typ (3)	Max	Ullit
1 _{LI}	Input Load Current	V _{IN} = 5.5V			10	μА
lo	Output Leakage Current	V _{OUT} = 5.5V			10	μА
IPP1 ⁽²⁾	V _{PP} Current Read	V _{PP} = 5.5V			5	mA
lcc1 ⁽²⁾	VCC Current Standby	CE = V _{IH}			35	mA
lcc2 ⁽²⁾	VCC Current Active	CE = OE = V _{IL}			75	mA
VIL	Input Low Voltage		-0.1		+0.8	٧
V _{IH}	Input High Voltage		2.0		V _{CC} + 1	V
VoL	Output Low Voltage	IOL = 2.1 mA			0.45	٧
VoH	Output High Voltage	l _{OH} = -400μA	2.4			V
VPP ⁽²⁾	VPP Read Voltage	$V_{CC} = 5V \pm 0.25V$	3.8		Vcc	٧

AC CHARACTERISTICS

		V _{CC} ± 5%							2764A-3		2764A-4		
Symbol	Parameter	V _{CC} ± 10%			A-25	5 2764A-30		2764A-45		Unit			
5 , 25 .		Test Condition	Min							Max			1
tacc	Address to Output Delay	CE = OE = VIL		180		200		250		300		450	ns
tce	CE to Output Delay	ŌĒ ≈ V _{IL}		180		200		250		300		450	ns
toE	OE to Output Delay	CE = V _{IL}		65		75		100		120		150	ns
t _{DF} ⁽⁴⁾	OE High to output Float	CE = V _{IL}		55	0	55	0	60	0	105	0	130	ns
tон	Output Hold from Address CE or OE Whichever Occurred First	$\overline{CE} = \overline{OE} = V_{IL}$	0		0		0		0		0		ns

CAPACITANCE(5)

 $(T_{AMB} = 25^{\circ}C, f = 1 MHz)$

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Min	Typ (2)	Max	Unit
C _{IN}	Input Capacitance	VIN = 0V		4	6	pF
Соит	Output Capacitance	V _{OUT} = 0V		8	12	pF

- NOTES: 1. Vcc must be applied simultaneously or before VPP and removed simultaneously or after VPP.
 - VPP may be connected directly to VCC except during programming. The supply current would then be the sum of ICC and IPP1.
 - 3. Typical values are for T_{AMB} = 25°C and nominal supply voltages.
 - This parameter is only sampled and not 100% tested. Output float is defined as the point where data is no longer driven (see timing diagram).
 - 5. This parameter is only sampled and is not 100% tested.

READ OPERATION (Continued) AC TEST CONDITIONS

Input Rise and Fall Times

≤ 20 ns

Input Pulse Levels

: 0.45 to 2.4V

Timing Measurement Reference Levels: Inputs: 0.8 and 2V - Outputs: 0.8 and 2V

Figure 3: AC Testing Input/Output Waveform

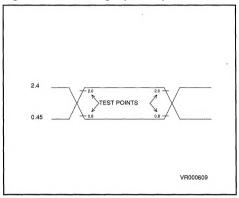


Figure 4: AC Testing Load Circuit

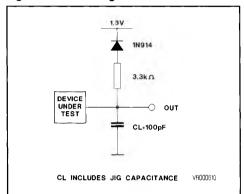
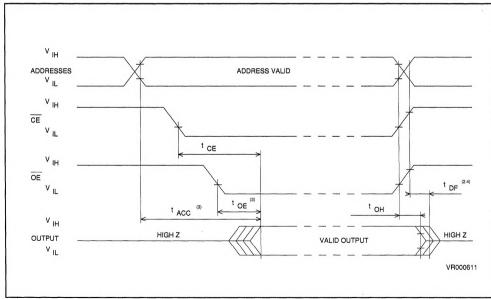


Figure 5 : AC Waveforms



NOTES: 1. Typical values are for $T_{AMB} = 25^{\circ}C$ and nominal supply voltage.

^{2.} This parameter is only sampled and not 100% tested. OE may be delayed up to lacc - toe after the falling edge CE without impact on tacc.
 tor is specified from OE or CE whichever occurs first.

DEVICE OPERATION

The seven modes of operations of the M2764A are listed in the Operating Modes table. A single 5V power supply is required in the read mode. All inputs are TTL levels except for VPP and 12V on A9 for Electronic Signature.

READ MODE

The M2764A has two control functions, both of which must be logically satisfied in order to obtain data at the outputs. Chip Enable (\overline{CE}) is the power control and should be used for device selection. Output Enable (\overline{OE}) is the output control and should be used to gate data to the output pins, independent of device selection.

Assuming that the addresses are stable, address access time (t_{ACC}) is equal to the delay from \overline{CE} to output (t_{CE}). Data is available at the outputs after the falling edge of \overline{OE} , assuming that \overline{CE} has been low and the addresses have been stable for at least t_{ACC}-t_{OE}.

STANDBY MODE

The M2764A has a standby mode which reduces the maximum active power current from 75 mA to 35 mA. The M2764A is placed in the standby mode by applying a TTL high signal to the $\overline{\text{CE}}$ input. When in the standby mode, the outputs are in a high impedance state, independent of the $\overline{\text{OE}}$ input.

TWO LINE OUTPUT CONTROL

Because EPROMs are usually used in larger memory arrays, the product features a 2 line control function which accommodates the use of multiple memory connection. The two line control function allows:

a) the lowest possible memory power dissipation,
 b) complete assurance that output bus contention
 will not occur.

For the most efficient use of these two control lines, $\overline{\text{CE}}$ should be decoded and used as the primary device selecting function, while $\overline{\text{OE}}$ should be made a common connection to all devices in the array and connected to the READ line from the system control bus.

This ensures that all deselected memory devices are in their low power standby mode and that the output pins are only active when data is desired from a particular memory device.

SYSTEM CONSIDERATIONS

The power switching characteristics of NMOS-E3 EPROMs require careful decoupling of the de-

vices. The supply current, I_{CC}, has three segments that are of interest to the system designer: the standby current level, the active current level, and transient current peaks that are produced by the falling and rising edges of CE. The magnitude of the transient current peaks is dependent on the capacitive and inductive loading of the device at the output. The associated transient voltage peaks can be suppressed by complying with the two line output control and by properly selected decoupling capacitors. It is recommended that a 1µF ceramic capacitor be used on every device between V_{CC} and GND.

This should be a high frequency capacitor of low inherent inductance and should be placed as close to the device as possible. In addition, a $4.7\mu F$ bulk electrolytic capacitor should be used between Vcc and GND for every eight devices. The bulk capacitor should be located near the power supply connection point. The purpose of the bulk capacitor is to overcome the voltage drop caused by the inductive effects of PCB traces.

PROGRAMMING

Caution: exceeding 13V on pin 1 (VPP) will damage the M2764A.

When delivered (and after each erasure for UV EPROM), all bits of the M2764A are in the "1" state. Data is introduced by selectively programming "0s" into the desired bit locations. Although only "0s" will be programmed, both "1s" and "0s" can be present in the data word. The only way to change a "0" to a "1" is by ultraviolet light erasure.

The M2764A is in the programming mode when VPP input is at 12.5V and \overline{CE} and \overline{PGM} are at TTL low. The data to be programmed is applied, 8 bits in parallel, to the data output pins. The levels required for the address and data inputs are TTL.

FAST PROGRAMMING ALGORITHM

Fast Programming Algorithm rapidly programs M2764A EPROMs using an efficient and reliable method suited to the production programming environment. Programming reliability is also ensured as the incremental program margin of each byte is continually monitored to determine when it has been successfully programmed. A flowchart of the M2764A Fast Programming Algorithm is shown on the last page. The Fast Programming Algorithm utilizes two different pulse types: initial and overprogram.

DEVICE OPERATION (Continued)

The duration of the initial $\overline{\text{PGM}}$ pulse (s) is one millisecond, which will then be followed by a longer overprogram pulse of length 3Xmsec. (X is an iteration counter and is equal to the number of the initial one millisecond pulses applied to a particular M2764A location), before a correct verify occurs. Up to 25 one-millisecond pulses per byte are provided for before the over program pulse is applied.

The entire sequence of program pulses and byte verifications is performed at $V_{CC} = 6V$ and $V_{PP} = 12.5V$. When the Fast Programming cycle has been completed, all bytes should be compared to the original data with $V_{CC} = V_{PP} = 5V$.

PROGRAM INHIBIT

Programming of multiple M2764A in parallel with different data is also easily accomplished. Except for \overline{CE} , all like inputs (including \overline{OE}) of the parallel M2764A may be common. A TTL low pulse applied to a M2764A's \overline{CE} input, with V_{PP} at 12.5V, will program that M2764A. A high level \overline{CE} input inhibits the other M2764A from being programmed.

PROGRAM VERIFY

A verify should be performed on the programmed bits to determine that they were correctly programmed. The verify is accomplished with \overline{OE} at V_{IL} , \overline{CE} at V_{IL} , \overline{PGM} at V_{IH} and V_{PP} at 12.5V.

ELECTRONIC SIGNATURE

The Electronic Signature mode allows the reading out of a binary code from an EPROM that will identify its manufacturer and type. This mode is intended for use by programming equipment to automatically match the device to be programmed with its corresponding programming algorithm. This mode is functional in the 25 °C \pm 5 °C ambient temperature range that is required when programming the M2764A.

To activate this mode, the programming equipment must force 11.5V to 12.5V on address line A9 (pin 24) of the M2764A. Two identifier bytes may then be sequenced from the device outputs by toggling address line A0 (pin 10) from V_{IL} to V_{IH} . All other address lines must be held at V_{IL} during Electronic Signature mode. Byte 0 (A0 = V_{IL}) represents the manufacturer code and byte 1 (A0 = V_{IH}) the device identifier code. For the SGS-THOMSON M2764A, these two identifier bytes are given below.

ERASURE OPERATION (Applies for UV EP-PROM)

The erasure characteristic of the M2764A is such that erasure begins when the cells are exposed to light with wavelengths shorter than approximately 4000 Å. It should be noted that sunlight and some type of fluorescent lamps have wavelengths in the 3000-4000 A range. Research shows that constant exposure to room level fluorescent lighting could erase a typical M2764A in about 3 years, while it would take approximately 1 week to cause erasure when exposed to direct sunlight. If the M2764A is to be exposed to these types of lighting conditions for extended periods of time, it is suggested that opaque labels be put over the M2764A window to prevent unintentional erasure. The recommended erasure procedure for the M2764A is exposure to short wave ultraviolet light which has wavelength 2537 Å. The integrated dose (i.e. UV intensity x exposure time) for erasure should be a minimum of 15 W-sec/cm². The erasure time with this dosage is approximately 15 to 20 minutes using an ultraviolet lamp with 12000 μW/cm² power rating. The M2764A should be placed within 2.5 cm (1 inch) of the lamp tubes during the erasure. Some lamps have a filter on their tubes which should be removed before erasure.

ELECTRONIC SIGNATURE MODE

IDENTIFIED					PI	NS				
IDENTIFIER	A0	07	O6	O5	04	О3	02	01	00	Hex Data
MANUFACTURER CODE	VIL	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	20
DEVICE CODE	ViH	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	08

PROGRAMMING OPERATION

 $(T_{AMB} = 25^{\circ}C \pm 5^{\circ}C, V_{CC}^{(1)} = 6V \pm 0.25V, V_{PP}^{(1)} = 12.5V \pm 0.3V)$

DC AND OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition		Values		Unit
Symbol	Tarameter	(see note 1)	Min	Тур	Max	Uiiii
ILI	Input Current (All Inputs)	V _{IN} = V _{IL} or V _{IH}			10	μА
VIL	Input Low Level (All Inputs)		-0.1		0.8	٧
ViH	Input High Level		2.0		Vcc	٧
Vol	Output Low Voltage During Verify I _{OL} = 2.1 mA			0.45	٧	
Vон	Output High Voltage During Verify	I _{OH} = -400μA	2.4			٧
I _{CC2}	V _{CC} Supply Current (Program & Verify)				75	mA
I _{PP2} V _{PP} Supply Current (program)		CE = VIL			50	mA
V _{ID}	A9 Electronic Signature Voltage		11.5		12.5	٧

AC CHARACTERISTICS

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition			Unit	
Syllibol	Farameter	(see note 1)	Min	Тур	Max	Uiiii
tas	Address Setup Time		2			μs
toES OE Setup Time			2			μs
tos	t _{DS} Data Setup Time		2			μs
t _{AH}	Address Hold Time		0			μs
t _{DH} Data Hold Time			2			μs
t _{DFP(4)} Output Enable Output Float Delay			0		130	ns
t _{VPS}	V _{PP} Setup Time		2			μs
tvcs	V _{CC} Setup Time		2			μs
tces	CE Setup Time		2			μs
t _{PW} PGM Initial Program Pulse Width		(see Note 3)	0.95	1.0	1.05	ms
topw	PGM Overprogram Pulse Width	(See Note 2)	2.85		78.75	ms
toe	Data Valid from OE				150	ns

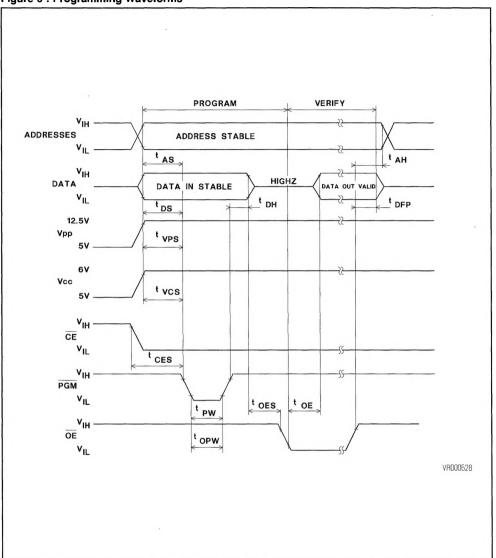
NOTES: 1. Vcc Must be applied simultaneously or before VPP and removed simultaneously or after VPP.

3. Initial Program Pulse width tolerance is 1msec ± 5%.

The length of the overprogram pulse may vary from 2.85 msec to 78.75 msec as a function of the iteration counter value X.

This parameter is only sampled and not 100% tested. Output float is defined as the point where data is no longer driven (see timing diagram).

Figure 6: Programming Waveforms

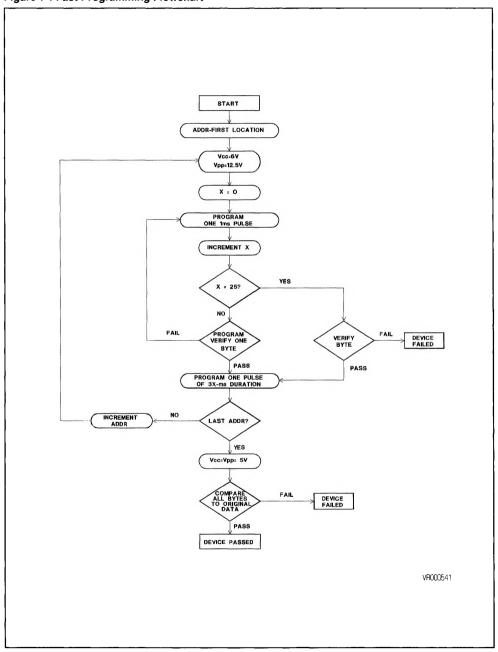


NOTES: 1. The input timing reference level is 0.8V for a V_{IL} and 2V for a V_{IH} .

2. to and topp are characteristics of the device but must be accommodated by the programmer.

When programming the M2764A a 0.1µF capacitor is required across V_{PP} and GROUND to suppress voltage transients which can damage the device.

Figure 7 : Fast Programming Flowchart

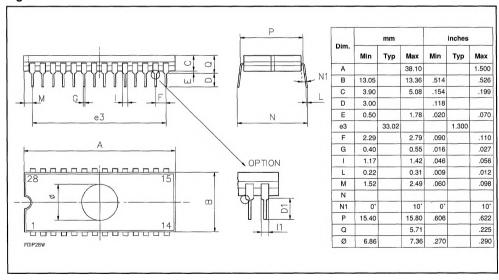


ORDERING INFORMATION - UV EPROM

Part Number	Access Time	Supply Voltage	Temp. Range	Package
M2764A-1F1	180 ns	5V ± 5%	0°C to +70°C	DIP-28
M2764A-2F1	200 ns	5V ± 5%	0°C to +70°C	DIP-28
M2764AF1	250 ns	5V ± 5%	0°C to +70°C	DIP-28
M2764A-3F1	300 ns	5V ± 5%	0°C to +70°C	DIP-28
M2764A-4F1	450 ns	5V ± 5%	0°C to +70°C	DIP-28
M2764A-18F1	180 ns	5V ± 10%	0°C to +70°C	DIP-28
M2764A-20F1	200 ns	5V ± 10%	0°C to +70°C	DIP-28
M2764A-25F1	250 ns	5V ± 10%	0°C to +70°C	DIP-28
M2764A-30F1	300 ns	5V ± 10%	0°C to +70°C	DIP-28
M2764A-45F1	450 ns	5V ± 10%	0°C to +70°C	DIP-28
M2764AF6	250 ns	5V ± 5%	-40°C to +85°C	DIP-28
M2764A-4F6	450 ns	5V ± 5%	-40°C to +85°C	DIP-28

PACKAGE MECHANICAL DATA

Figure 8: 28-PIN CERAMIC DIP BULL'S EYE



ORDERING INFORMATION - OTP ROM

Part Number	Access Time	Supply Voltage	Temp. Range	Package
ST2764A-20 CP	200 ns	5V ± 10%	0°C to +70°C	DIP28
ST2764A-25 CP	250 ns	5V ± 10%	0°C to +70°C	DIP28

NOTE: Consult your nearest SGS-THOMSON sales office for availability of other combination.

PACKAGE MECHANICAL DATA - OTP ROM

Figure 9: 28-PIN PLASTIC DIP

